### THE YEAR MADE FRONT-PAGE NEWS. AGAIN AGAIN

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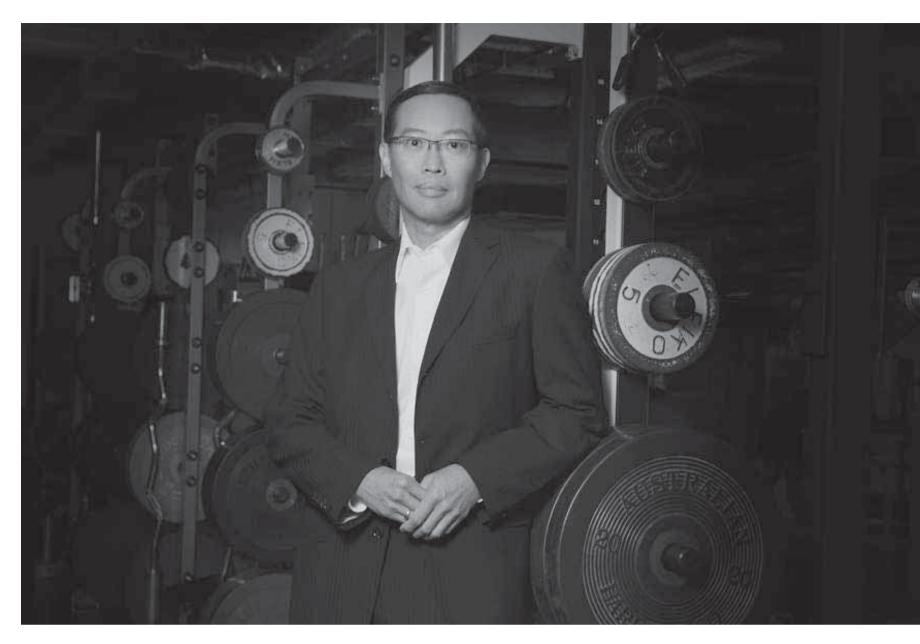
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#### A MESSAGE FROM OUR CHAIRMAN

Sporting Singapore has come a long way from the days when local sports news barely made a ripple on the sports pages of our local newspapers. In FY2008 we made history with major breakthroughs in sports excellence, participation and industry, generating headlines at home and around the world.

Singapore won our second Summer Olympics medal after 48 years, won our first gold, silver and bronze medals at the Paralympic Games, hosted a multiple award-winning FORMULA 1<sup>TM</sup> SingTel Singapore Grand Prix night race and negotiated approval from the Olympic Council of Asia to host the inaugural Asian Youth Games (AYG) Singapore 2009. More good news will come in the future, thanks to the long-term holistic strategies we have in place for sports.

For all these reasons, I am pleased to confirm that we are well on track to achieving our goal of becoming a leading city for sports in Asia. In the year ended 31 March 2009, the Singapore Sports Council (SSC) and its partners proved that ordinary people with extraordinary intention and discipline could transform effort into pride and glory, that young athletes of emerging greatness could generate headlines and that a small country could create a lasting legacy in sports.

Even as world financial markets cast uncertainty on the global economy in the second half of the year, Sporting Singapore remained strong. In September we hosted the first night race in the history of FORMULA ONE — the 2008 FORMULA 1™ SingTel Singapore Grand Prix — an innovative crowd-pleaser that thrilled people on four continents.

Three months later, the Standard Chartered Singapore Marathon got underway with 50,000 people participating in the two-day event. In February 2009, we launched the brand new OCBC Cycle Singapore, another high profile event for the country.

Moreover, we carried out these initiatives as we worked intensively on organising the 1st AYG Singapore 2009 (another tremendous achievement for Singapore that will figure largely in the Annual Report for FY2009, ending 31 March 2010).

Our work in Sports Safety has had a profound impact on our stakeholders. Our sports safety team spent FY2008 largely on the road in Singapore, promoting safety to 14 government agencies and companies, reaching a total of 1,140 people.

The team stressed the value of safety, the implementation of accident prevention measures and the skills needed in emergencies. Our hope is that these organisations will in turn help others with their safety planning and implementation programmes. Shared responsibility for safety should become an integral part of Singapore's evolving sports culture.

At the SSC, sports participation is not simply about getting more people to play more sports. Our work in sports participation is focused on generating opportunities for people to enjoy sports from any perspective and providing recognition for everyone involved in Sporting Singapore.

If you look online for the meaning of the verb "participate," the first reference is "to share in something." In our definition of sports participation, we are looking at everyone who shares the vision and values of the SSC and our partners. We are talking about spectators, volunteers, parents, officials and coaches as well as the athletes. If you are reading this annual report, we are probably talking about you.



#### SPORTS PARTICIPATION

In FY2008, we introduced a variety of programmes, events and facilities to raise sports participation. Measuring participation can never be an exact science, but a good barometer can be found in the attendance numbers at the SSC's Sports and Recreation Centres, Sports Halls and stadiums. In FY2008, the number of visits to our facilities hit an all-time high of 12.47 million, up 11% from 11.09 million the year before.

Visitors and users to our facilities are enjoying a wider range of amenities as well as a greater sense of community. We upgraded several venues in the past year prior to the 1st AYG Singapore 2009, and the renovations are providing benefits to all visitors and users. More improvements are coming ahead of the Youth Olympic Games (YOG) in 2010.

In July 2008, the new Sengkang Sports and Recreation Centre had a soft opening that introduced consumers to a new level of service, accessibility and community experience.

#### > LET'S PLAY

Historically we have promoted sports for all as a way to stay fit and healthy. We launched the Let's Play movement in May and changed the focus to "let's have fun." Sports culture should be based on shared values, not on rigid rules as to how sports should be played or whether you are good enough to play. We want to see people of all ages coming out for games as recreational players, fans, volunteer coaches and officials.

#### singaporesports.sg

To reinforce the Let's Play message, we developed a new online portal for sports: www.singaporesports.sg. It provides easy access to information on where to play sports, where to watch them, how to play them and who to play with. Visitors can also book SSC sports facilities through the portal.

#### > OCBC CYCLE SINGAPORE

In the past year our sports culture has put down even deeper roots in Singapore. The new OCBC Cycle Singapore, for example, was a well-sponsored, highparticipation event with a high-performance angle.

Held in February, the event drew some 5,400 riders, with a good mix of recreational cyclists and international competitive teams. The event adds vibrancy to our annual sports calendar by offering a mass sports event that involves cycling — a popular pastime with many people in Singapore. OCBC has already confirmed its sponsorship for 2010.

#### > BROADCAST OF SCHOOL NATIONALS

In a landmark agreement with SSC and Ministry of Education (MOE), MediaCorp in early March began broadcasting highlights from the National School Sports Championships as part of a 13-week, 30-minute primetime magazine show. Not only did the broadcasts help build our sporting culture by promoting youth sports, it helped raise the profile of our young competitive athletes ahead of the 1st AYG 2009.

#### > EVERYDAY CHAMPIONS

Providing a sense of community has become a part of our work, and recognising the contribution of the everyday people who contribute to Sporting Singapore became a headline story in FY2008. In February 2009, we held the POSB Everyday Champions Awards to honour 14 individuals, 25 coaches and 18 organisations for their efforts to help others get up, get out and get engaged in sports. The Everyday Champions consistently gave selflessly of their time, resources and from their own pocketbooks to provide meaningful sporting experiences for Singaporeans.

#### > SPORTS EDUCATION PROGRAMME

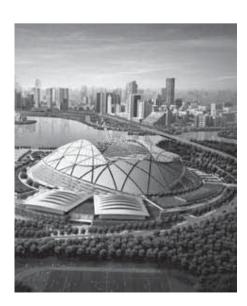
The Sports Education Programme remains one of the most innovative sports funding models you will find anywhere in the world. Designed to introduce more sports to more children and youth in our schools, it is an important illustration of our strengthening relationships with the MOE and with sports service providers and partners.

#### SPORTS INDUSTRY

Throughout FY2008, we made headlines for the successes we had in sports business. Not only were we able to retain existing sponsors for our events, we were able to increase the number of relationships we have in the business community. Even during the toughest economic times of the recession, we introduced new events to the sports scene, indicating Corporate Singapore's confidence in Sporting Singapore.

Our long-term goal is to have a self-sustaining sports culture with business investment initiating and funding the sports events. Through support from our partners and sponsors, the SSC will continue to provide industry-relevant programmes and events for our stakeholders.

We reported in March 2009 that the value of our sports industry had passed the \$1 billion mark in 2007. Indeed, these are encouraging numbers for a relatively new industry in Singapore which we are committed to growing in the years to come.





#### THE FORMULA 1™ SINGTEL SINGAPORE GRAND PRIX

The inaugural FORMULA 1<sup>™</sup> SingTel Singapore Grand Prix was a highoctane screamer of a race through the streets of Marina Bay that thrilled the
Singapore crowd at every turn. The first night race in the history of FORMULA
ONE was a spectacular commercial success, bringing in an estimated \$100
million in tourism receipts. Scheduling the race at 8 pm on Sunday also
guaranteed revenues from worldwide broadcasts. The race organisers were
awarded the highest accolades in the motorsports industry, most notably the
Promoter of the Year Award, which is given by the Fédération Internationale
de l'Automobile (FIA).

#### INTERNATIONAL TEAMS

Over 1,000 athletes and officials from more than 20 countries chose Singapore as a training base on the way to the Beijing Olympic Games. The United States and Australia brought their swimming teams while Brazil brought its 2008 Olympic football squad. With New Delhi set to host the 2010 Commonwealth Games, the SSC will be marketing Singapore as a valuable stopover for countries en route to the Games.

#### **CHANGI MOTORSPORTS HUB**

On 30 March 2009, we took a bold step by announcing our commitment to develop an ambitious new sports venue for Singapore. The racetrack will drive the development of motorsports, provide a new zone of economic activity and strengthen our position as a regional hub for sports business in Asia.

#### THE SPORTS HUB

The status of the Sports Hub remained a hot topic in FY2008. The project has been delayed due to the fluctuations in the financial market. Singapore's commitment to developing the Sports Hub has not wavered and is simply a matter of when and not if it will be built. We have a comprehensive bank of sports facilities that will keep our events and programming in action.

#### SPORTS EXCELLENCE

Our athletes at the Beijing 2008 Olympic Games lived up to the huge promise they showed in the run-up to the Games. We qualified more athletes for the Games than ever before in our history at the Olympics — some 24 of 25 athletes, compared with only 16 athletes in Athens in 2004.

Our ladies table tennis team won a silver medal and a standing ovation from our nation for their ferocious play at the Games. Li Jiawei placed fourth in the ladies singles while Feng Tianwei placed within the top eight. In swimming, young Tao Li was placed fifth in the 100m butterfly.

It also was a record year for Singapore at the Paralympic Games, which were also held in Beijing in September 2008. Swimmer Yip Pin Xiu won our first gold medal at the Paralympic Games, with a decisive victory in the women's 50m backstroke S3 event. Her time of 58.75 seconds was a new personal best.

29 year-old equestrienne Laurentia Tan also brought glory to Singapore, becoming the first Asian to win a medal at the Games. Laurentia claimed a bronze medal in the Individual Championship Test Grade 1a and one in the Individual Freestyle Test Grade 1a event.

However we can also find stories of achievement beyond the Beijing Olympics and Paralympics. Team Singapore athletes were victorious at international games throughout 2008, a pattern that speaks well of the sports development pathways developed by the SSC, the Ministry of Community Development, Youth and Sports, the National Sports Associations, the Singapore National Olympic Council, the Singapore Sports School and the Ministry of Education.

#### FY2009 — ANOTHER YEAR OF HEADLINES IN THE MAKING

The rising number of sports headlines says that our message is getting through to Singapore and the international sports world. Our intention to transform Singapore into a leading sports city is clear, and every step we take at home helps us advance internationally.

None of these successes would have been possible without the committed staff at the SSC, our sponsors and partners, as well as the thousands of volunteers at all our events. We also must thank the media for their growing support of our athletes, events and programming in the past year. The fourth estate has told the stories of Sporting Singapore with passion and a shared sense of victory and, on occasion, defeat but increasingly with ownership. And they are right to share the ownership. At the SSC, we recognise that our achievements are your achievements, too. Rightfully, all share in the successes of FY2008.

Looking ahead, 2009 and 2010 will be exciting ones for Singapore's athletes. The Southeast Asian Games will be held in Laos at the end of the year, the Commonwealth Games and Asian Games will take place in 2010 in New Delhi, India and Guangzhou, China, respectively.

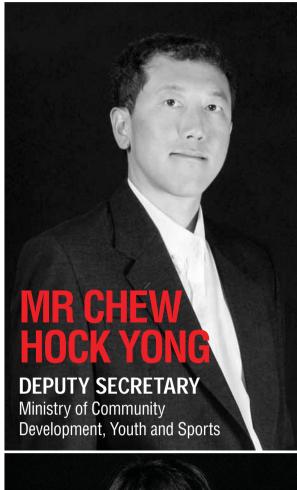
However the crowning achievement for Singapore in 2010 will be the inaugural Youth Olympic Games (YOG), scheduled to begin on 14 August next year. The experience that we have gained as host of the inaugural AYG Singapore 2009 will serve us well as we prepare for YOG. It will be a golden opportunity for our country and our athletes to shine.

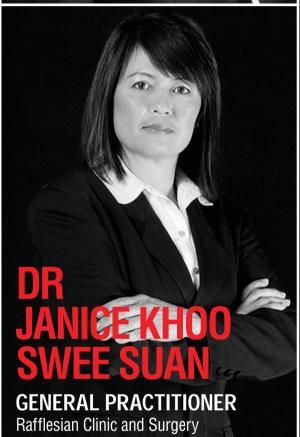
**Alex Chan Meng Wah** 

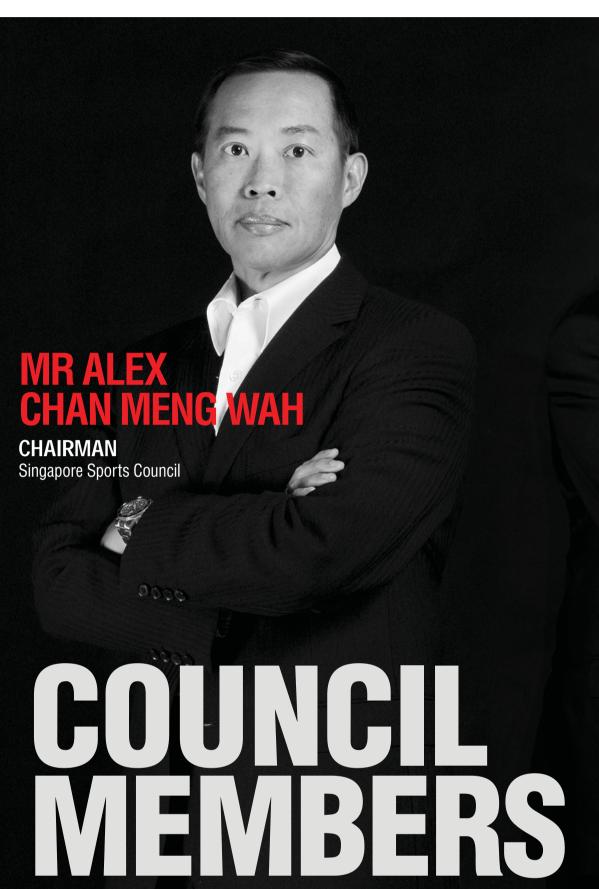
Chairman

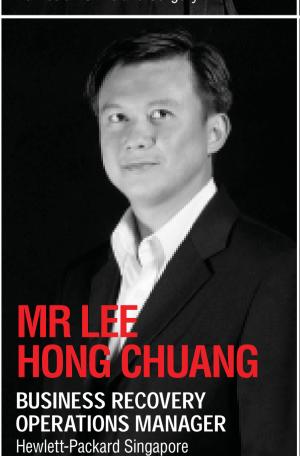
**Singapore Sports Council** 

Almaron

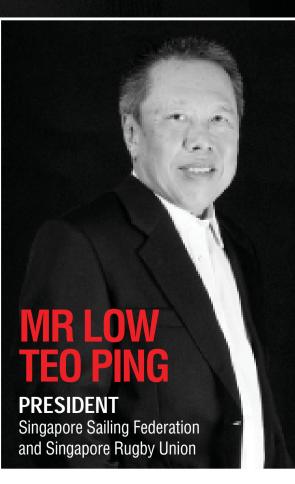




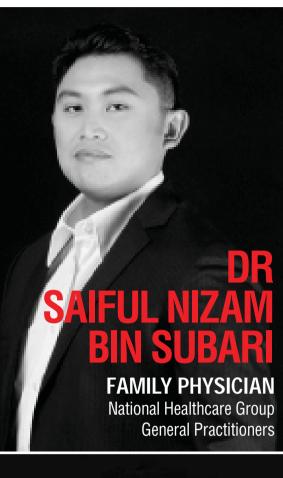


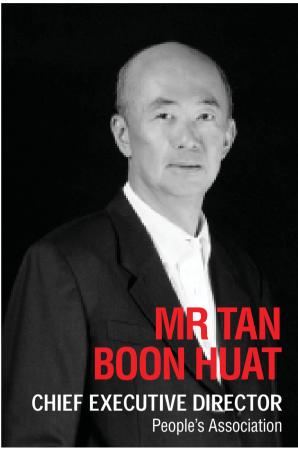




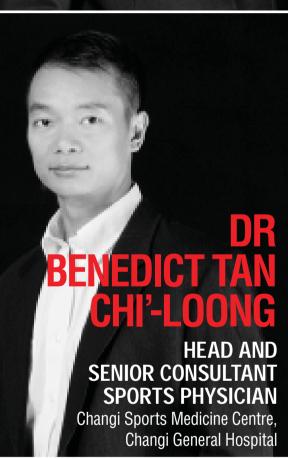


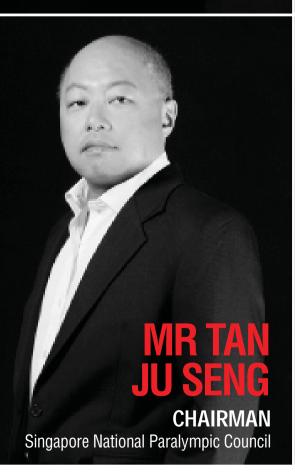


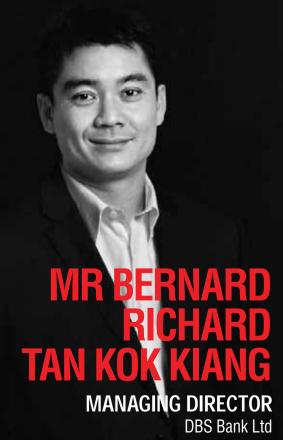


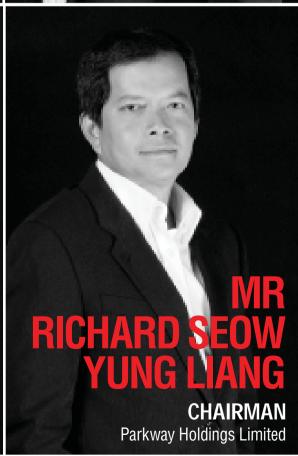












## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

SSC's Council comprises the Chairman, Alex Chan, the Deputy Chairman, Edmund Koh and 12 other members, including representatives from leading private-sector companies and senior government officials.

Council Members give advice to steer SSC towards fulfilling its vision and provide guidance to ensure that SSC functions efficiently. They review major corporate policies as well as approve financial statements, the annual budget and major projects.

In carrying out its duties, the Council is also supported by three subcommittees: the Finance Committee, the Audit Committee and the Human Capital Committee.



MR CHEW HOCK YONG

(Chairman)

**BG PHILIP LIM CHERN TJUNN** 

(Member)

MR LAI SENG KWOON

(Co-opted Member)

**MR MARCUS QUEK** 

(Secretary)

TERMS OF REFERENCE

Assist the Council in discharging its responsibilities for:

Financial reporting
Governance and internal control
Compliance with laws and regulations

Review and approve annual audit plans

Review audit results and guide management on actions to be taken

**Recommend appointment of auditors** 

#### FINANCE

MR EDMUND KOH KIAN CHEW

(Chairman)

MR BERNARD RICHARD TAN KOK KIANG

(Member)

MR TAN WEE KHIM

(Co-opted Member)

MR PHOI KWOK ENG

(Secretary)

TERMS OF REFERENCE

Formulate the accounting and financial policies for adoption and implementation in SSC

Review and decide on the financial regulations of SSC

Advise the Council on all major financial matters

Perform the executive functions outlined in SSC's financial regulations

#### HUMAN CAPITAL

MR TAN BOON HUAT

(Chairman)

MR TAN JU SENG

(Member)

MS KOAY SAW LEAN

(Secretary)

TERMS OF REFERENCE

Review and approve policies and strategies on Human Capital Development and Management

Review and decide on regulations pertaining to staff matters

Consider and review manpower proposals



### AN ENTIRE NATION CHEERS

Since 1960 when Tan Howe Liang won the nation's first Olympic medal, Singaporeans have followed the Games closely, hoping for the chance to relive the glory of winning yet another medal.

That moment finally came in 2008.

#### THE SILVER MEDAL THAT FEELS LIKE GOLD

After 48 long years, our national athletes finally put our country on the Olympic podium for a second time.

The victory was hard earned — it would not have been possible if not for the world-beating efforts of our women's table-tennis team.

And with the silver medal that they'd won, they defined a golden moment in our history.

#### WIN PUTS FUTURE OLYMPIC VICTORIES WITHIN REACH

Coming within close reach of an Olympic gold medal, it's a hint that our country's medal hopes do not end with the silver.

A new bar has now been set for our future Olympians. More medals, more silvers, perhaps even a gold or two.

With our hopes renewed, Singaporeans can now look forward to the 2012 Olympic Games in London with heightened anticipation.



**SUNDAY, 17 AUGUST 2008** 





Beijing 2008



#### YEAR IN BRIEF

**SPORTS** 

**SINGAPOREANS:** 

et's play

SSC kicks off the national Let's Play

movement to spark Singaporeans'

interest in sports. More on page 32.

**NATIONWIDE WORLD'S** MOVEMENT

#### IVA OPEN SINGAPORE

Top seeds, Olympic qualifiers and emerging talents battled it out for qualifying points to reach the 2008 BWF Super Series and for US\$200,000 in prize monies. The gruelling tournament proved to be a smashing hit with huge crowds turning out every day of the six-day event.

#### **SPORT ON!** KIDS CLUB TO PROMOTE THE SPORT

Singapore's first kids-only sports club is launched with the aim to foster enjoyment of sports in children ages three and up.

ALL EYES ON SINGAPORE AS

#### SINGTEL **SINGAPORE GRAND PRIX**

FLAGS OFF

The world's first FORMULA ONE night race thrills millions of fans worldwide. More on page 28.

CONTRACT FOR

#### ASIAN YOUTH GAMES

INKED!

Singapore is given the official go-ahead by the Olympic Council of Asia to host the inaugural Asian Youth Games in June and July 2009. Almost all of the Council's 45 member nations are expected to field athletes between the ages of 14 and 17 to the Games.

#### **VOLVO** OCEAN RACE CHARGES INTO SINGAPORE FOR IN-PORT

RACE ACTION

The world's longest and most perilous sporting contest brought eight adventurous yachting teams to Singapore after an intense sprint to the One° 15 Marina at Sentosa. This is the first time a Southeast Asian stopover has been added to this prestigious race.

#### OSIM SINGAPORE TRIATHLON

#### ATTRACTS THOUSANDS

It's one of the most successful sporting events to be held in Singapore. More than 3,500 triathletes participated in the race, some as young as seven. The triathlon featured seven individual and relay race categories, which drew participants across all ages and fitness levels.





#### AVIVA IRONMAN 70.3 SINGAPORE

#### MAKES HISTORY WITH ALL-EXPRESSWAY BIKE ROUTE

Asia's largest Ironman 70.3 took competitors on a cross-island course for the first time with the introduction of a scenic bike route spanning the East Coast Parkway. Major changes were also introduced to the start/end point and the running leg. The improvements made the triathlon circuit smoother and faster for the 1,400 participants, which included 800 overseas Ironman competitors.







#### STANDARD CHARTERED SINGAPORE MARATHON

#### SETS RECORD OF FIRSTS

The seventh edition of the annual Standard Chartered Singapore Marathon flagged off to a record-breaking start with 50,000 participants from around the world and a prize purse of S\$270,000. Reigning 2007 World Championships in Athletics titleholder Luke Kibet was first to complete the 42km course at 2:13:01, clocking the fastest time in the history of the race.

The marathon also marked the first year that ESPN signs on as the Official Broadcast partner. The massive media exposure helped generate an unprecedented publicity value of \$\$6 million.

#### YEAR IN BRIEF



### **FEB'09**

### **FEB**,09

#### YOUTH SPORTS SCORE

#### TV SHOW DEAL

The Ministry of Education and SSC co-produce a 13-part TV series on the National School Sports Championships.

More on page 31.

#### PRO-CYCLISTS JOIN

#### OCBC CYCLE SINGAPORE

In a nod to Singapore as a destination for pro-bike racing, 65 of the world's best cyclists took part in the Republic's first mass participation cycling event. Joining them on the Elite (Professional) Criterium circuit were members of the OCBC Singapore Cycling Team. 19 year-old Ho Jun Rong became the only Singaporean to complete this gruelling circuit. The event also drew a large non-competitive cycling crowd with the slogan, "On Your Bike, Singapore: Anyone Can Ride." A staggering 5,400 casual cyclists participated in the event, proving this "marathon on wheels" to be a huge hit.



#### 57 UNVEILED AS

#### POSB EVERYDAY CHAMPIONS



Voted for their roles in fostering greater participation in sports, 14 individuals, 25 coaches and 18 organisations were honoured at the inaugural POSB Everyday Champions Awards.





#### HSBC WOMEN'S CHAMPIONS

#### BACK FOR SECOND OUTING

The world's top-ranked female golfers returned to Singapore to play for a prize purse of US\$2 million, the largest ever for a women's event in Asia. Ladies Professional Golf Association (LPGA) Tour rookie Jiyai Shin nudged out 54-hole leader Katherine Hull by two strokes to take home the top prize of US\$300,000.

### **MAR '09**

#### BIDDING FOR CONTRACT TO BUILD

#### CHANGI MOTORSPORTS HUB

#### **BEGINS**

Local and international consortia have been invited to submit proposals on the building and management of Asia's first integrated motorsports and lifestyle hub. **More on page 30.** 



#### CORPORATE HIGHLIGHTS

#### SPORTS SAFETY DIVISION ESTABLISHES SAFETY GUIDELINES



As part of SSC's commitment to promote sports safety nationally, the Sports Safety Division (SSY) joined hands with 14 organisations to establish a Sports Safety Framework, which spells out a holistic and comprehensive approach to promote sports safety in Singapore.

The framework consists of three guiding principles:

- Think Safe, which promotes safety awareness.
- Play Safe, which emphasises safety skills.
- Stay Safe, which encourages the adoption of safe practices.

To implement the Sports Safety Framework throughout the community, SSY has adopted the Physical Activity Readiness Questionnaire (PAR-Q) — a self-screening tool that lets users assess the safety or possible risk of exercise.

It is displayed at sports facilities island-wide along with the Sports S.A.F.E. U guide, as a reminder to the public to exercise safety. SSY has also published a Sports SAFE Club guide, which it distributes to organisers of sporting events.

Additionally, a Safety Excellence Centre has been set up at Jalan Besar SRC for dedicated safety training. SSY has also been invited to conduct over 30 talks and sharing sessions on sports safety with various agencies and institutions around Singapore. To further strengthen its outreach efforts, numerous joint collaborations with other agencies like National Parks, the Ministry of Education and the Traffic Police have also been conducted.

While SSY enforces safety intiatives externally, it also strives to build a stronger safety culture within SSC. Various standard operating procedures have also been developed. They include procedures for incident reporting and the creation of a "call tree" as well as the formation of a Committee of Inquiry for safety. SSY has also formulated emergency plans to ensure that SSC is always ready to handle critical situations such as a flu (e.g. H1N1 Influenza A) pandemic and haze, thus ensuring the smooth continuity of the organisation's operations and businesses.





## SERVICE EXCELLENCE BEGINS WITH THE SRC

## TEAMSPORT PROGRAMME BUILDS SSC STAFF CULTURE

In February 2009, frontline staff at SSC's Sports & Recreation Centres (SRCs) embarked on a Service Excellence Journey — a programme designed to instil in them SSC's Service Principles of Safety, Courtesy, Show and Efficiency. SRC staff represent the first batch of SSC staff to undergo such training. The programme will be implemented among the rest of the staff by the third quarter of FY2009.

On 19 November 2008, SSC flagged off an organisation-wide TeamSPORT Programme to engage its staff in the organisation's vision, mission and strategies.

The staff underwent a series of team-building activities and a workshop aimed at reinvigorating the organisational culture and bringing to life its core values: Service Excellence, Passion, Can-Do Spirit, Integrity and Teamwork.

The programme is part of SSC's efforts to step up service standards and improve its ability to serve the sporting needs of its customers, athletes, coaches, associates and partners. On top of the TeamSPORT Programme, SSC also mandates CPR/AED training for its staff. As of the end of FY2008, more than 90% of SSC staff are CPR/AED proficient.



#### DISABLED ATHLETES HELP SINGAPORE STAND TALL

In the sporting history of Singapore, never has there been a tale more inspiring than the ones that unfolded during the Paralympic Games. Faced with overwhelming difficulties, our athletes achieved what few Singaporeans have done:

Fly our country's flag on the international stage.

Singapore's first successful outing at the Games yielded one gold, one silver and two bronze medals — and along with it, an upsurge of national pride. But more than that, our Paralympians have inspired us and shown us that, with perseverance, no challenge is impossible to surmount.



#### EQUESTRIENNE ACES MUSICAL ROUTINE DESPITE HEARING IMPAIRMENT

29 year-old Laurentia Tan is Singapore's first Paralympic medallist and the first Asian to win an equestrian medal at the Games.

And while her bronze win at the Individual Championship Grade 1a event can be attributed to talent and hard work, her victory in the Individual Freestyle Test Grade 1a event was nothing short of a miracle.

In the event, Laurentia took her horse through a dressage routine set to the music of an Oriental melody. Her beautiful performance earned her the bronze medal.

But what made the victory all the more impressive was the fact that Laurentia suffers from profound deafness.

#### PARA-SWIMMER KICKS OFF WINNING STREAK WITH SHEER ARM POWER

Yip Pin Xiu is famous for winning Singapore's first Paralympic gold and silver medals with her powerful backstroke.

But few realise that until she lost her ability to kick two years ago, she had used the front crawl to swim competitively.

Muscular dystrophy couldn't stop Pin Xiu from pursuing her Paralympic dreams.

Relentlessly, she swam for gold. And in the process, she rewrote her own world record in the women's 50 metres freestyle heats and broke another in the women's 50 metres backstroke heats.

With her talent and tenacity, Pin Xiu truly is an inspiration to us all.

# SINGAPORE FLAG FLIES AT PARALYMPIC GANES



#### **SPORTS EXCELLENCE**

WITH ITS DRAMATIC RISE IN WORLD RANKINGS ACROSS DIFFERENT SPORTS, SINGAPORE IS BUILDING A REPUTATION FOR SPORTS EXCELLENCE. SUCH SUCCESS WOULDN'T BE POSSIBLE WITHOUT THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE SPORTS MEDICINE AND SPORTS SCIENCE INDUSTRY. OR THE POOL OF TALENTED ATHLETES AND COACHES WHO MAKE THE BEST OF EVERY OPPORTUNITY TO LEARN FROM THE WORLD'S BEST.

## TEAM SINGAPORE RECORDS BUMPER YEAR

The twelve months between April 2008 and March 2009 mark the year that our national athletes scored an unprecedented number of victories at international games and world championships.

Our sporting achievements at a glance:

	EVENT	WINNING ATHLETES	PLACING
BADMINTON	World Junior Badminton Championships	Yao Lei and Fu Mingtian	1st (Ladies' Doubles)
BOWLING	Asian Tenpin Bowling Championships	Jazreel Tan, Jasmine Nathan-Yeong, Amanda Ng, Bernice Lim, Cherie Tan, Sabrina Lim	Bronze (Women's Team)
	World Youth Championship (Bowling)	Jason Nathan-Yeong, Shaun Ng, Eugene Low Jazreel Tan, Jasmine Nathan-Yeong, Amanda Ng, Cherie Tan Jasmine Nathan-Yeong Mark Wong & Gregory Gan	Bronze (Men's Trio)  Bronze (Girls' Team)  Bronze (Girls' Singles) Bronze (Boys' Doubles)
	AMF World Cup  Commonwealth Tenpin Bowling Championships	Jasmine Nathan-Yeong  Shuan Ng and Remy Ong Jazreel Tan and Remy Ong Jennifer Tan and Jazreel Tan Jazreel Tan Jazreel Tan Jazreel Tan Remy Ong Jazreel Tan	Gold (Women's)  Gold (Men's Doubles) Gold (Mixed Doubles) Silver (Women's Doubles) Silver (Women's Singles) Silver (Women's Masters) Silver (Men's All Events) Silver (Women's All Events)
CANOEING	South East Asian Canoeing Championships	Annabelle Ng, Andrea Chen, Irene Chua, Lee Weiling Annabelle Ng, Andrea Chen, Irene Chua, Lee Weiling Annabelle Ng, Andrea Chen, Irene Chua, Lee Weiling Suzanne Seah, Wilona Lee, Emily Koh, Ong Ruoning Clifton Lee Samuel Chin, Daniel Ang Ooi Ming Sheng Clifton Lee, Samuel Chin, Daniel Ang, Brian Khoo Muhammad Syaheenul Aiman, Joseph Goh, Ho Hinyang, Joshua Lim	Gold (1000m K4 Women) Gold (500m K4 Women) Gold (200m K4 Women) Gold (1000m K4 Junior Women) Gold (500m K1 Junior Men) Gold (500m K2 Junior Men) Gold (1000m C1 Junior Men) Gold (1000m K4 Junior Men) Gold (500m K4 Junior Men)
EQUESTRIAN	Paralympic Games	Laurentia Tan	Bronze (Individual Championship Test Grade 1a) Bronze (Individual Freestyle Test Grade 1a)
FENCING	FIE World Cup	Ruth Ng, Tay Yu Ling, Cheryl Wong, Joan Ng, Liane Wong Nona Lim, Lewina Lee, Nelicia Low, Lee Ann Hui Min	12th (Women's Team, Foil) 12th (Women's Team, Sabre)
	Southeast Asian Fencing Federation	Cheryl Wong Cheryl Wong	Gold (Women's Foil, Cadet Under 17) Gold (Women's Foil, Junior Under 20)

	EVENT	WINNING ATHLETES	PLACING
GOLF	Putra Cup	Choo Tze Huang, Quincy Quek, Jerome Ng, Jonathan Leong	1st (Team)
	Lion City Cup	George Foo, Jonathan Woo, Chia Chong Zheng, Johnson Poh	1st (Team)
GYMNASTICS	Artistic Gymnastics Asian Championships	Lim Heem Wei, Tabitha Tay Jia Hui, Nicole Tay Xi Hui, Sarah Ng Hui Min	Bronze (Team)
RUGBY	ASEAN 5 Nations Championship	Jonathan Chen Yan Yi, Mark Lee Shong Toh, Zaki Mahmood, Tong Chin Hong, Rong Jing Xing, Gaspar Tan, Daniel Tham, Ben Wheeler, Nick Danc, Norman Sin, Gilbert Chris, Andrew Benett, Jeremy Chan, Jonathan Lee, Andrew Lee, Steve Horsfall, John Forester, Mohd Ismail, Peter Williams, Lionel Robinson, Pritchard Gareth, Eric Ng	Champion, 1st Division (Promoted to Premier Division)
SAILING	Lake Garda Optimist Meeting	Luke Tan	3/833
	IFDS Two-Person Keelboat World Championships	Jovin Tan and Desiree Lim	1st (Singapore's first disabled sailing world crown)
	Trofeo Marco Rizzotti	Darren Choy, Russell Kang, Rachel Lee, Luke Tan	Gold (Optimist Team)
	Australian 29er Championship	Justin Liu, Sherman Cheng	1/81
	Dutch Youth Regatta	Low Wen Chun, Jonathan R. Chew	1/10 (Hobie 16)
	Thai Windsurfing Championship	Audrey Yong	1/5 (Junior Girl)
	Kieler Woche	Justin Liu, Sherman Cheng	2/93 (29er)
	IODA World Sailing Championship (Optimist)	Rachel Lee Darren Choy, Russell Kang, Rachel Lee, Luke Tan, Andrew Tang	2/46 Silver (Team)
	Laser 4.7 World Championships	Elizabeth Yin Scott Glen Sydney	1/116 (Girls) 2/279 (Boys)
	Byte World Sailing Championships	Lei Feng Yi Herman Nurfendi bin Ahmad	2/30 3/30
	IODA North American Championship (Optimist)	Rachel Lee	2/204
SHOOTING	Commonwealth Youth Games	Aqilah Sudhir Wan Tian Chong Chong Mei Kay Chia Sim Chen	Gold (Women's 10m Air Rifle) Silver (Men's 10m Air Rifle) Silver (Women's 10m Air Pistol) Silver (Men's 10m Air Pistol)
SILAT	Asian Beach Games	Saiedah Said Muhammad Razif Mokhlas	Bronze (Women's Tanding Class C) Bronze (Men's Tanding Class H)
SWIMMING	Olympic Games	Tao Li	5th (Women's 100m Butterfly)
	Paralympic Games	Yip Pin Xiu Yip Pin Xiu	Gold (Women's 50m Backstroke S3) Silver (Women's 50m Freestyle S3)
	Commonwealth Youth Games	Roanne Ho Ng Jia Hao Shana Lim Rainer Ng	Silver (Women's 50m Breaststroke) Silver (Men's 50m Breaststroke) Bronze (Women's 50m Backstroke) Bronze (Men's 50m Backstroke)
	FINA/Arena Swimming World Cup	Tao Li Tao Li Tao Li Tao Li Tao Li	Gold (Women's 100m Butterfly, Singapore) Gold (Women's 100m Butterfly, Stockholm) Gold (Women's 100m Butterfly, Berlin) Bronze (Women's 50m Butterfly, Singapore) Bronze (Women's 50m Butterfly, Berlin)
TABLE-TENNIS	Olympic Games	Li Jiawei, Feng Tianwei, Wang Yuegu Li Jiawei	Silver (Women's Team) 4th (Women's Singles)
	Commonwealth Youth Games	Isabelle Li Zena Sim Isabelle Li, Zena Sim	Gold (Women's Singles) Silver (Women's Singles) Bronze (Women's Doubles)
	World Table-Tennis Championship	Li Jiawei, Feng Tianwei, Wang Yuegu, Sun Beibei	Silver (Women's Team)
WOODBALL	Asian Beach Games	Ng Yeow Gim	Gold (Men's Individual)

#### **SPORTS EXCELLENCE**

#### OVER 160 HONOURED AT SINGAPORE SPORTS AWARDS





Reflecting Singapore's improved standings in the international sporting arena, more than 160 athletes and coaches were awarded the Republic's highest sports honours. Some of Singapore's most inspiring athletes — many of them past recipients of the Singapore Sports Awards — were also given special tribute, while the Ministry of Education was presented with the prestigious IOC Sports and Youth Trophy. This trophy is given by the International Olympic Committee to organisations that have developed sporting or educational programmes that promote Olympism to young people.

# SINGAPORE ON TRACK TO BECOMING LICENSE PERFORMANCE TRAINING HUB

Ahead of the Beijing 2008 Olympic Games, more than 1,000 top athletes and officials from over 20 countries around the world arrived in Singapore for pre-Games training. They included 14-time Olympic gold medallist Michael Phelps and football superstar Ronaldhino.

The arrival of these international teams attests to Singapore's growing reputation as a first-rate sports training destination and a valuable stopover ahead of international games. With the Republic's conducive practice environment and top-notch medical and sports facilities, more high calibre teams are expected to follow suit.

SSC is already in talks with several teams to set up training camps for the 2010 Commonwealth Games and the 2011 World Swimming Championships.

The presence of world-class sportsmen presented Singapore's national athletes with the unique opportunity to rub shoulders with stars from their field of sports and to exchange sporting tips with them.

K. Sathiaraj who took part in a week-long practice session with the Brazilian football squad enthused:

#### They're impressive to watch on television but absolutely amazing when you're on the pitch with them. 55

Singapore's coaches and officials also enjoyed some tactical advantage from the experience. It allowed them to study the practices and capabilities of these international athletes and gain valuable insight into sports methodologies — knowledge that can be adopted and adapted for the development of the nation's own high-performance sports training programmes.

#### **SPORTS EXCELLENCE**

## FIRST EVER FINA WORLD SWIMMING COACHES CONFERENCE HELD ON OUR SHORES



The coaches to some of the world's most decorated swimmers were in town to speak at the first ever FINA World Swimming Coaches Conference. They include:

MICHAEL BOHL, coach to Australian swimmer Stephanie Rice, who holds the world record in the women's 400m individual medley and who has won three gold medals at the 2008 Summer Olympics in Beijing.

**ROHAN TAYLOR**, coach to Australian swimmer Leisel Jones, who won a gold medal in the women's 100m breaststroke event in the 2008 Summer Olympics in Beijing.

**NORIMASA HIRAI**, coach to Japanese swimmer Kosuke Kitajima, who won Olympic gold medals in the men's 100m and 200m breaststroke events at both the Athens 2004 and Beijing 2008 Olympics.

The conference offered delegates the unique opportunity to learn from these renowned coaches through an interactive forum. Over 230 coaches and representatives from 90 countries turned up for this three-day conference.

President of the Singapore Swimming Association (SSA), Jeffery Leow said, "The conference will provide a good insight into the lives of world class swimmers and (it) is a good opportunity for local coaches to learn from their foreign counterparts."

## MEDICINE AND SCIENCE FUEL SPORTS EXCELLENCE

As the international sporting scene becomes more and more competitive, Singapore is relying increasingly on sports medicine and sports science (SMSS) to maximise the performance potential of its national athletes. SMSS according to SSC's Deputy Director of Sports Science John Limna, it's the small yet significant "0.01% difference that turns silver (medal) into gold."

To capitalise on SMSS in the months ahead of the Beijing 2008 Olympics and Paralympics — arguably Singapore's most successful outing at the Games — a High Performance Centre was built in Kallang. It's a one-stop facility that caters to every aspect of an athlete's wellbeing.



"The defining feature of this new facility is the integration," said Wayde Clews, SSC's Chief of High Performance Group.

You'll observe athletes and their coaches and the sports science and sports medicine professionals all under the one roof, working in close collaboration with each other.

The centre is staffed with members of the High Performance Group, a division of SSC which comprises sports physicians, physiotherapists, biomechanists, nutritionists, psychologists, physiologists, massage therapists as well as strength and conditioning training specialists.

The group is currently focused on prepping the next generation of national sportsmen. And taking full advantage of their expertise are some 900 elite and budding athletes, among them the newly formed OCBC Singapore Cycling Team. The team took the top five places at the inaugural OCBC Cycle Singapore 50km Super Challenge. And as of the end of FY2008, four of them qualified for the 2009 Southeast Asian Games.

The High Performance Group is also engaged in a series of research programmes aimed at putting Singapore at the cutting edge of SMSS. At least one area of research has gained attention from the International Olympic Committee (IOC): the effects of fasting on sports performance. The group has been invited to share their findings at a workshop organised by the IOC Medical Commission and develop what would eventually be a globally-recognised stance on the subject.

#### SINGAPORE GRAND PRIX HAILED NEW "JEWEL OF THE FORMULA ONE SPORTS CROWN"

It's an accolade formerly reserved for the Monaco Grand Prix and FORMULA ONE chief Bernie Ecclestone now thinks it's a title befitting the world's first FORMULA ONE night race. But not all race insiders held that view, at least not initially.

In 2007, Singapore promised the FORMULA ONE world its first night race. But critics were sceptical of its success: the motorsports industry here was still in its infancy and on top of that, the Republic had to pull off a race by night — it was something no FORMULA ONE Grand Prix organiser had ever attempted.

But the Singapore Grand Prix organisers pressed on. In less than a year, the state-of-the-art Marina Bay Street Circuit was unveiled to worldwide acclaim.

Over 1,000 local officials, managed by a tiny six-man team from SSC, were deployed for the S\$150 million race. Despite their inexperience, they played a critical role in managing the racetrack operations and in the process helped our nation stage what is perhaps the most spectacular race in the history of FORMULA ONE.

#### RACE ATTRACTS A VIEWERSHIP 24 TIMES THE SIZE OF OUR POPULATION

The hype surrounding the world's first FORMULA ONE night race raised the curiosity of people all around the world. More than 110 million viewers tuned in to the race "live."

But the thrills on screen cannot compare to the pulsating excitement on the ground. The grandstands were filled to the brim with some 100,000 spectators.

Thousands more crowded around the edge of the track, hoping to catch a close-up of the roaring action.

#### INAUGURAL NIGHT RACE WINS GRAND PRIX OF ACCOLADES

Industry observers were still praising the event when it came time to hand out awards for excellence in motorsports. In mid-December, the Fédération Internationale de l'Automobile (FIA) in Monaco presented Singapore GP Pte Ltd with the Promoter of the Year Award.

The FIA selected the organisation for "its magnificent effort in organising FORMULA ONE's first ever night race."

With its overwhelming success, the Singapore Grand Prix sealed the reputation of our country as a world-class motorsports destination.

WORLD'S FIRST F1 NIGHT RACE PROPELS SINGAPORE TO MOTORSPORTS

#### SPORTS INDUSTRY

IT PLAYS A FUNDAMENTAL ROLE IN POSITIONING SINGAPORE AS A LEADER IN THE SPORTING WORLD. THE SPORTS INDUSTRY PAVES THE WAY FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF WORLD-CLASS SPORTING FACILITIES AND SERVES AS A PLATFORM THAT PUTS SPORTS IN THE MEDIA LIMELIGHT. BUT INCREASINGLY, IT ALSO PROVIDES THE FRAMEWORK FOR THE FUNDING OF COMPETITIVE SPORTS AS WELL AS MASS SPORTING EVENTS — SPORTS THAT EVERY SINGAPOREAN CAN PARTICIPATE IN.

#### RACE FOR **CHANGI MOTORSPORTS HUB BID BEGINS**



SSC released a Request for Proposal (RFP) for the Changi Motorsports Hub (CMH) on 30 March 2009, inviting local and international consortia to bid for the unique opportunity to finance, design, build and manage Asia's first motorsports and entertainment hub.

In developing the RFP, SSC outlined its vision for the world-class motorsports destination. The CMH will sit on a 41-hectare sea-facing site and feature a permanent racetrack with a length of at least 3.5km. A permanent sheltered grandstand will seat 8,000 and offer spectators an impressive viewing experience.

The CMH is also expected to house its own racing academy and serve as a regional training and research development centre for motorsports. It will host top international motorsports competitions such as the Fédération Internationale de l'Automobile (FIA) Grade 2 race, as well as trade events and conventions.

Alex Chan, Chairman of SSC said: "The racetrack's unique selling points include its seafront location, compact track design, motorsports and other leisure activities rolled into one ... proposals (for the CMH tender) must demonstrate an ability to position CMH as the preferred venue

for international motorsports events, an ability to build a centre of excellence for motorsports training and education as well as financial and business sustainability."

The bid for the CMH is expected to attract consortia of racetrack designers, architects, property developers, sports developers, events and entertainment organisers and retailers.

#### SPORTS GET OWN REALITY TV SHOWS

A 30-minute magazine show featuring highlights from the National School Sports Championships began airing on MediaCorp's Channel 5 in March 2009. The 13-episode series covered the Championships from the quarterfinals onwards.

It was produced as part of a landmark agreement between SSC and the Ministry of Education (MOE) to raise the profile of sports among the youth through broadcast media.

The show follows hot on the heels of web TV channel Adrenaline.sg, which was jointly launched by the Media Development Authority (MDA) and SSC to broadcast youth sports events in April 2008.

Another 36-episode sports programme is being developed by SSC and MDA. Slated to debut in June 2009 on Channel 5, Sports @ SG features local and international sporting news, interviews with sports personalities and introduces the latest sporting trends.

In the first episode, viewers can expect to catch the exciting highlights of the AVIVA Open Singapore 2009 and take a behind-the-scenes look at the preparations for the inaugural Asian Youth Games. Celebrities will also be invited on air to talk about their favourite sport.

Under a separate initiative, SSC and MDA established a S\$1 million Sports Media Fund to seed sports-related media projects by the private sector. As of the end of FY2008, the fund has supported three projects with a total business spending value of close to S\$1 million.

SSC and MDA also formed a Sports Media Business Group to serve as a platform for the private sector and the government to exchange views on driving the sports media business.

#### SPORTING SCENE ENRICHED WITH SUPPORT FROM VALUED SPONSORS

Over the last year, Singapore has played host to a growing number of international and local sporting events. The thriving success of the sporting industry is due in no small part to the generosity of event sponsors.

The inaugural OCBC Cycle Singapore was staged to great success with the bank's S\$1 million title sponsorship. And the contribution didn't end there. OCBC is also sponsoring Singapore's first professional cycling team over the next three years while the team undergoes a training programme developed by SSC and the Singapore Amateur Cycling Association (SACA).

Early this year, the POSB Everyday Champions Award was also established with a S\$1.4 million title sponsorship. This generous sum from the People's Bank allowed over 50 recipients to be honoured in the Award's pioneering year.

More businesses can be expected to follow in the footsteps of valued sponsors like OCBC and POSB as Singapore prepares to host even more high profile sporting events over the next five years. Some 200 of the Republic's top business decision-makers were invited to the 3rd Singapore Sports Council's CEO Networking Session, where they heard how their businesses along with the sports industry, can thrive with such sponsorship deals.

With sponsorships pouring in, Singapore's sports industry moves steadily towards self-sustenance. SSC projects that the industry will contribute S\$2 billion in Gross Domestic Product and create 20,000 sports-related jobs by 2015.

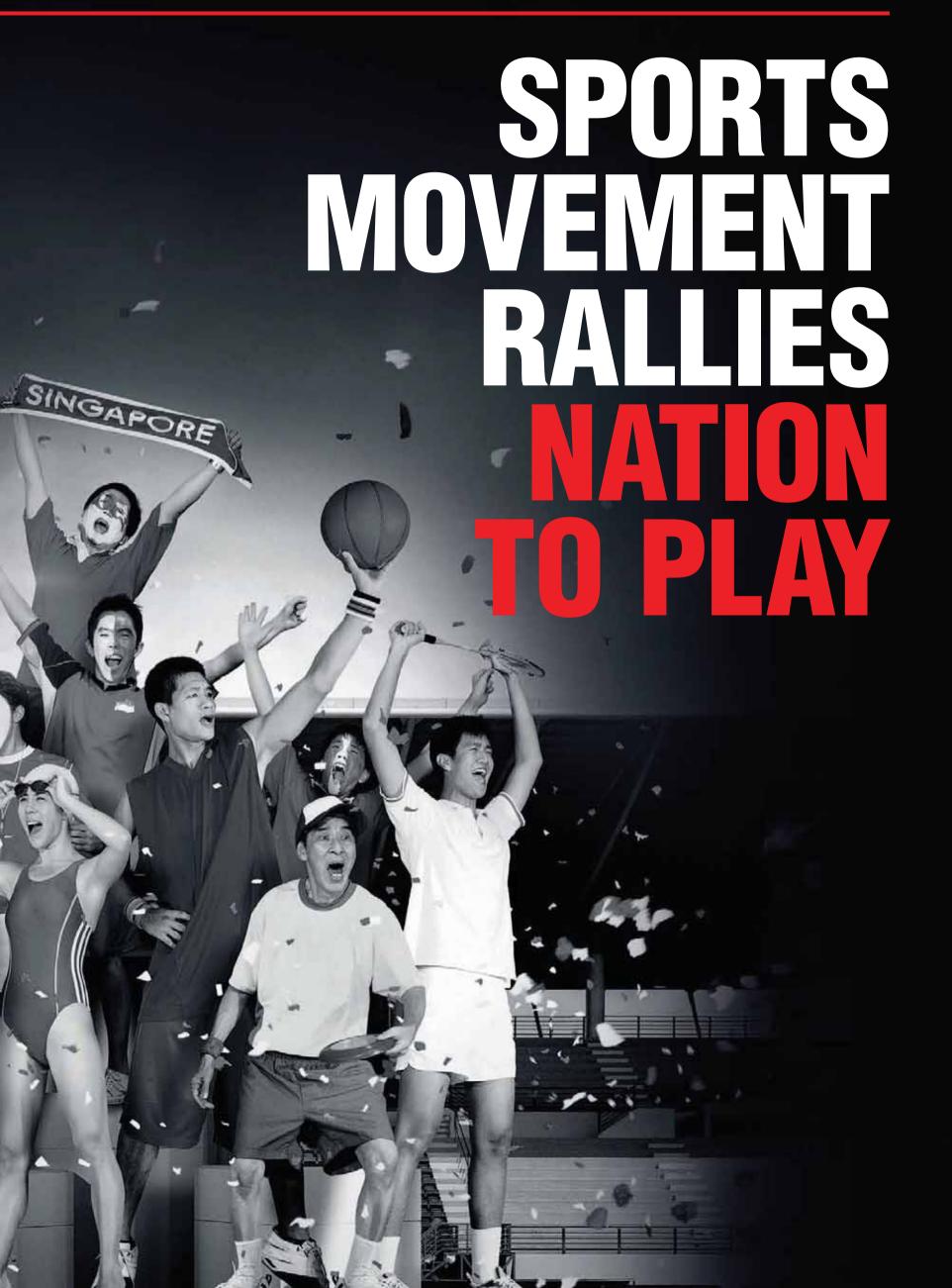


It's a jingle that easily lingers in your head. Barely weeks after it hit the airwaves, some Singaporeans have already improvised acoustic versions of the song. One even uploaded a piano rendition on YouTube.

Such an effect is proof that SSC's latest effort to get Singaporeans to take a more active interest in sports has struck a chord.

The Let's Play movement encourages us to look beyond the tangible benefits of health and fitness — and to realise that sports offers us the opportunity to bond, cheer, interact with each other and most importantly, have fun!

As SSC moves into the new fiscal year, it'll continue to drive the Let's Play movement. And through a holistic series of programmes, events and facilities, it aims to engage even more Singaporeans in the fun of sports.



#### **SPORTS PARTICIPATION**

MORE AND MORE SINGAPOREANS ARE GETTING INVOLVED IN SPORTS. AND WHAT'S DRIVING SPORTS PARTICIPATION IS NOT MERELY THE INCREASING NUMBER OF SPORTING EVENTS OR THE EASY ACCESSIBILITY TO STATE-OF-THE-ART SPORTS FACILITIES. SINGAPOREANS ARE ALSO GETTING MORE EXCITED ABOUT SPORTS BECAUSE THEY SEE IT IN A NEW LIGHT: AS A PLAYER, SPECTATOR OR VOLUNTEER, ANYONE CAN ENJOY SPORTS.

Research shows that Singaporeans who take up sports do so mostly for health and fitness.

And to get even more Singaporeans involved in sports, SSC is giving them a new reason to get active — sports is fun.

With the launch of the Let's Play movement,
SSC aims to promote the idea that sports can
be enjoyed in more ways than one. Senior
Parliamentary Secretary for the Ministry of
Community Development, Youth and Sports
Teo Ser Luck explains:

# LET'S PLAY MOVEMENT GIVES SPORTS A FUN MAKEOVER

#### Instead of just playing a sport,

#### one can also watch, cheer and volunteer. 55



The movement also serves as a platform for our country's budding journalists and photographers to hone their skills in the subject of sports. Over the past 18 months, SSC has organised sports journalism workshops for over 120 students, many of whom are now contributing to the movement's official website: www.singaporesports.sg

From this website, Singaporeans can find out when, where and how to be involved in the sporting scene. Sports facilities operated by SSC can also be booked via the website. As of the end of FY2008, it has registered over 3 million hits.

A sister programme, the Sport On! Kids Club — which also hosts its own online resource portal — was also introduced to reach out to children between three and twelve. Close to 2,000 members signed up for the Club by the end of the fiscal year.



#### NEW SENGKANG SRC WINS HEARTS

Open to the public since July 2008, the Sengkang Sports and Recreation Centre (SRC) has won over residents in the North-East Region with its impressive range of sports facilities. As of the end of the FY2008, more than 550,000 visitors have enjoyed the use of four swimming pools, an indoor sports hall, a gym and even a dance studio.

The SRC is also home to two full-sized synthetic hockey pitches and it will host the Standard Chartered Bank FIH Men's Junior World Cup 2009 in June and hockey events at the inaugural Youth Olympic Games in 2010.

#### SRC VISITOR-SHIP HITS 12.47 MILLION



Sports participation numbers in Singapore reached an all-time high with Sports and Recreation Centres (SRCs) reporting a staggering 12.47 million visitors between April last year and March this year.

The accessibility and affordability of sports facilities are often cited as key factors that encourage sports participation. But the recent upgrading of SRCs also accounts for the spike in participation numbers.

Bishan Stadium now houses a new running track while new flooring has been installed at Toa Payoh Sports Hall. Several SRCs have also been recently equipped with state-of-the-art gyms, swimming complexes with water play features and even day-care centres.

SSC injected S\$22.53 million into this ongoing facilities upgrading and maintenance project during FY2008 and it plans to pump in another S\$10.57 million in the next fiscal year.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2008/2009

#### STATEMENT BY THE COUNCIL MEMBERS OF SINGAPORE SPORTS COUNCIL

In our opinion,

- the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Singapore Sports Council (the "Council") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 40 to 82 are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Singapore Sports Council Act (Cap. 305, 1985 Revised Edition) (the "Act") and Singapore Statutory Board Financial Reporting Standards ("SB-FRS") so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Council and the Group as at March 31, 2009, and of the results and changes in share capital, capital account, accumulated surplus and funds of the Group and of the Council and cash flows of the Group for the year then ended and at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Council will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due;
- (b) the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Council have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act; and
- (c) the receipts, expenditure, investment of monies and the acquisition and disposal of assets by the Council during the financial year have been in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

ON BEHALF OF THE COUNCIL

Mr Alex Chan Meng Wah

Chairman

Mr Oon Jin Teik Chief Executive Officer

June 26, 2009

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE COUNCIL MEMBERS OF SINGAPORE SPORTS COUNCIL

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Singapore Sports Council (the "Council") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") which comprise the balance sheets of the Council and the Group as at March 31, 2009, the income and expenditure statements and statements of changes in share capital, capital account, accumulated surplus and funds of the Council and the Group and cash flow statement of the Group for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, as set out on pages 40 to 82.

#### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the provisions of the Singapore Sports Council Act (Cap. 305, 1985 Revised Edition) (the "Act") and Singapore Statutory Board Financial Reporting Standards ("SB-FRS"). This responsibility includes:

- (a) designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error;
- (b) selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and
- (c) making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion,

- a) the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the balance sheet, income and expenditure statement and statement of changes in share capital, capital account, accumulated surplus and funds of the Council are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Act and SB-FRS so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Council as at March 31, 2009 and of the results and changes in share capital, capital account, accumulated surplus and funds of the Group and of the Council and the cash flows of the Group for the year then ended; and
- b) proper accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Council have been kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

During the course of our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the receipts, expenditures and investment of monies and the acquisition and disposal of assets by the Council during the financial year have not been in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Public Accountants and Certified Public Accountants

dinka Com we

Singapore June 26, 2009

#### **BALANCE SHEETS** March 31, 2009

		The	Council	Th	e Group
	<u>Note</u>	2009	2008	2009	2008
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
			(Restated)		(Restated)
Share Capital	7, 8b	151,074	142,300	151,074	142,300
Capital Account	8b	295	295	295	295
Accumulated Surplus:					
General funds	8b	44,914	52,111	44,914	52,111
Restricted funds	9b	24,447	23,546	24,447	23,546
Others		-	-	4,045	2,968
		69,361	75,657	73,406	78,625
Investment Revaluation Reserve	9b	2,220	6,077	2,220	6,077
Hedging Reserve	8b	(8,683)	-	(8,683)	-
Staff Loans Revolving Fund	8b	76	76	76	76
<b>3</b>		214,343	224,405	218,388	227,373
Minority Interest		_	_	3,064	2,484
Minority interest					
		<u>214,343</u>	<u>224,405</u>	221,452	229,857
<b>Donation and Contribution Fund for Sports</b>	6	201	203	201	203
Represented by:					
Non-Current Assets:					
Property, plant and equipment	10	789,518	810,180	791,158	810,180
Prepaid land premium	11	4,504	4,820	4,504	4,820
Subsidiaries	12	1,572	1,572	-	-
Available-for-sale investments	13	3,413	7,270	3,413	7,270
Loans to a third party	14	-	-	-	-
Staff loans	15	20	7	20	7
Receivables and prepayments	16	92,324	_11,960	92,324	_11,960
		891,351	835,809	891,419	834,237

#### BALANCE SHEETS March 31, 2009

		The	Council	The Group		
	<u>Note</u>	2009	2008	2009	2008	
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
			(Restated)		(Restated)	
Current Assets:						
Prepaid land premium	11	316	316	316	316	
Loans to a third party	14	-	-	-	-	
Receivables and prepayments	16	14,760	103,225	17,477	103,225	
Cash and bank balances	17	97,123	97,547	115,122	97,547	
		112,199	201,088	132,915	201,088	
Assets of disposal group	40				46.064	
classified as held for sale	18	-	204.000	422.045	16,961	
		112,199	<u>201,088</u>	<u>132,915</u>	<u>218,049</u>	
Less:						
Current Liabilities:						
Derivative financial instrument	19	8,683	_	8,683	_	
Payables and accrued liabilities	20	31,450	31,836	33,570	31,836	
Bank loan	21	3,600	90,000	3,600	90,000	
Current portion of finance lease	22	2,569	2,444	2,569	2,444	
Deferred revenue	23	458	883	458	883	
Grants received in advance	24	17,188	15,577	17,188	15,577	
Refundable deposits	25	2,132	1,998	2,281	1,998	
Gate collections held in trust	26	46	37	10,759	37	
Provision for contribution to						
consolidated fund/tax	27		489	368	489	
		66,126	143,264	79,476	143,264	
Liabilities directly associated						
with the assets classified as						
held for sale	18				9,937	
		66,126	<u>143,264</u>	<u>79,476</u>	<u>153,201</u>	
Net Current Assets		46,073	57,824	53,439	64,848	
			<u> </u>			
Non-Current Liabilities:						
Bank loan	21	84,600	-	84,600	-	
Finance lease	22	7,262	9,831	7,262	9,831	
Deferred revenue	23	4,504	4,962	4,504	4,962	
Deferred tax liability	28	-	-	325	-	
Deferred capital grants:						
Government	29	579,860	604,869	579,860	604,869	
Non-Government	30	<u>46,855</u>	_49,566	46,855	_49,566	
		<u>723,081</u>	<u>669,228</u>	<u>723,406</u>	<u>669,228</u>	
		214 242	224 405	224 452	220 057	
		214,343	224,405	<u>221,452</u>	229,857	
Net Assets of Donation and						
Contribution Fund for Sports	6	201	203	201	203	
continuation rand for sports	· ·					

# INCOME AND EXPENDITURE STATEMENTS Year ended March 31, 2009

				The C	ouncil			The	Group
			tal and		ricted	-	-4-1	-	
	Note	<u> Gener</u> 2009	ral Funds 2008	<u>Fui</u> 2009	<u>1008</u> 2008	<u> </u>	<u>otal</u> 2008	<u> </u>	<u> 2008</u>
	<u>Note</u>	\$'000	\$'000 (Restated)	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000 (Restated)	\$'000	\$'000 (Restated)
Operating Income:									
Admission fees		10,172	8,702	-	-	10,172	8,702	10,172	8,702
Hiring of facilities		6,668	6,003	-	-	6,668	6,003	6,668	6,003
Program fees		2,439	2,645	-	-	2,439	2,645	2,439	2,645
Car park charges Rental of:		5,439	4,870	-	-	5,439	4,870	5,439	4,870
Lettable areas		7,778	10,354	6	6	7,784	10,360	7,784	10,360
Stadium and gate collections		5,089	5,195	-	-	5,089	5,195	5,089	5,195
Revenue from ticketing sales		-	-	-	-	-	-	8,805	8,043
Miscellaneous income		2,690	2,157	-	-	2,690	2,157	3,484	3,178
Donations and contributions		708 40,983	182 40,108	6	6	708 40,989	182 40,114	<u>1,008</u> 50,888	<u>345</u> 49,341
Operating Expenditure:	10	44.760	41 OE6	F2	66	44.012	42.022	4E COE	42.020
Depreciation General and administrative expenses	10	44,760 1,671	41,956 1,506	53	66 -	44,813 1,671	42,022 1,506	45,605 1,745	42,828 1,569
Minor works, repairs and		1,071	1,500	_	_	1,071	1,500	1,745	1,505
maintenance of properties		13,293	13,716	-	-	13,293	13,716	13,693	14,067
Operating expenses	31	83,398	81,894	10	-	83,408	81,894	85,653	84,140
Employee benefits expense	32	55,289	56,020	-	-	55,289	56,020	59,180	59,819
Other expenses	33	17,950	14,970			17,950	14,970	18,662	15,838
		<u>216,361</u>	210,062	_63	_66	<u>216,424</u>	210,128	224,538	<u>218,261</u>
Operating Deficit		(175,378)	(169,954)	(57)	(60)	(175,435)	(170,014)	(173,650)	(168,920)
Non-Operating Income:									
Income from investments	34	347	1,375	<u>946</u>	<u>543</u>	1,293	1,918	1,452	2,261
(Deficit) Surplus Before Grants		( <u>175,031</u> )	( <u>168,579</u> )	<u>889</u>	<u>483</u>	<u>(174,142</u> )	( <u>168,096</u> )	<u>(172,198</u> )	( <u>166,659</u> )
Grants:									
Amortisation of sinking fund		-	1,679	-	-	-	1,679	-	1,679
Operating grants from Government Deferred capital grants amortised:	35	130,892	125,927	-	-	130,892	125,927	130,892	125,927
Government	29	38,828	40,526	-	-	38,828	40,526	38,828	40,526
Non-Government	30	2,699	1,771	<u>12</u> 12	12	2,711	1,783	2,711	1,783
		<u>172,419</u>	169,903		12	<u>172,431</u>	169,915	<u>172,431</u>	169,915
(Deficit) Surplus For The Year Before									
Contribution To Consolidated Fund/Tax		(2,612)	1,324	901	495	(1,711)	1,819	233	3,256
Contribution To Consolidated Fund/Tax	36		(409)		(89)		(498)	(287)	(731)
(Deficit) Surplus For The Year		(2,612)	915	901	406	(1,711)	1,321	(54)	2,525
Attributable to:									
The Council								(634)	2,104
Minority interest								580	421
•								(54)	2,525

# SINGAPORE SPORTS COUNCIL AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHARE CAPITAL, CAPITAL ACCOUNT, ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AND FUNDS Year ended March 31, 2009

#### **Accumulated Surplus**

Share <u>Capital</u> \$'000	Capital Account \$'000	General Funds \$'000	Sinking Fund \$'000	Sub-total \$'000	Restricted Funds \$'000	<u>Others</u> \$'000	Investment Revaluation Reserve \$'000	Hedging <u>Reserve</u> \$'000	Staff Loans Revolving Fund \$'000	Attributable to the Council \$'000	Minority Interest \$'000	<u>Total</u> \$'000
-	295	38,568	14,541	53,109	23,100	2,185	7,450	-	76	86,215	2,063	88,278
43,100	_	(147)	_	(147)	_	_	_	-	_	42,953	_	42,953
43,100	295	38,421	14,541	52,962	23,100	2,185	7,450	-	76	129,168	2,063	131,231
99,200	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	99,200	-	99,200
142,300	295	38,421	14,541	52,962	23,100	2,185	7,450	-	76	228,368	2,063	230,431
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,373)	-	-	(1,373)	-	(1,373)
-	-	915	-	915	406	783	-	-	-	2,104	421	2,525
	-	(87)	-	(87)	40	-	-	-	-	(47)	-	(47)
-	-	828 (2,200)	- 2,200	828	446 -	783 -	(1,373) -	-		684	421 -	1,105 -
	-	-	(1,679)	(1,679)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,679)	-	(1,679)
-	-	(1,372)	521	(851)	446	783	(1,373)	-	-	(995)	421	(574)
142,300	295	37,049	15,062	52,111	23,546	2,968	6,077		76	227,373	2,484	229,857

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHARE CAPITAL, CAPITAL ACCOUNT, ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AND FUNDS Year ended March 31, 2009

#### **Accumulated Surplus**

Balance as at April 1, 2008 (Restated) Issue of share capital (Note 7)	Share <u>Capital</u> \$'000 142,300 8,774 151,074	Capital Account \$'000 295 - 295	General Funds \$'000 37,049	Sinking Fund \$'000 15,062	Sub-total \$'000 52,111 - 52,111	Restricted Funds \$'000 23,546	Others \$'000 2,968 - 2,968	Investment Revaluation Reserve \$'000 6,077	Hedging Reserve \$'000 - -	Staff Loans Revolving Fund \$'000 76	Attributable to the Council \$'000 227,373 8,774 236,147	Minority Interest \$'000 2,484 - 2,484	Total \$'000 229,857 8,774 238,631
Loss on available-for-sale investment Transferred to deferred	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,857)	-	-	(3,857)	-	(3,857)
capital grant* Loss on cash flow hedge		-	(4,585) -	-	(4,585) -	-	-	-	(8,683)	-	(4,585) (8,683)	-	(4,585) (8,683)
Net deficit recognised directly in share capital, capital account, accumulated surplus and funds (Deficit) Surplus for the	-	-	(4,585)	-	(4,585)	-	-	(3,857)	(8,683)	-	(17,125)	-	(17,125)
financial year		-	(2,612)	-	(2,612)	901	1,077	-	-	-	(634)	580	(54)
Total recognised income and expenditure for the year Transferred to sinking fund Utilisation of sinking fund	-	- - -	(7,197) (2,200) 1,225	2,200 (1,225)	(7,197) - - (7,107)	901	1,077	(3,857)	(8,683)	- - -	(17,759) - - - (17,750)	580	(17,179) - - (17,170)
		-	(8,172)	975	(7,197)	901	1,077	(3,857)	(8,683)	-	(17,759)	580	(17,179)
Balance as at March 31, 2009	151,074	295	28,877	16,037	44,914	24,447	4,045	2,220	(8,683)	76	218,388	3,064	221,452

<sup>\*</sup> Pertains to amount transferred from the Group's and Council's accumulated surplus to Deferred Capital Grant to finance acquisition of property, plant and equipment during the year.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHARE CAPITAL, CAPITAL ACCOUNT, ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AND FUNDS - COUNCIL Year ended March 31, 2009

#### **Accumulated Surplus**

	Share <u>Capital</u> \$'000	Capital <u>Account</u> \$'000	General Funds \$'000	Sinking Funds \$'000	Sub-total \$'000	Restricted Fund \$'000	Investment Revaluation <u>Reserve</u> \$'000	Hedging <u>Reserve</u>	Staff Loan Revolving <u>Fund</u> \$'000	-
Balance as at April 1, 2007	-	295	38,568	14,541	53,109	23,100	7,450	_	76	84,030
Prior year adjustments (Notes 7 and 39)	43,100	-	(147)	-	(147)	-	-	-	-	42,953
	43,100	-	38,421	14,541	52,962	23,100	7,450	-	76	126,983
Issue of share capital (Note 7)	99,200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99,200
As restated	142,300	295	38,421	14,541	52,962	23,100	7,450	-	76	226,183
Loss on available-for-sale investments, representing net deficit recognised directly in share capital, capital account, accumulated surplus and funds Surplus for the financial year Others Total recognised income and	- - -	- - -	- 915 (87)	- - -	- 915 (87)	- 406 40	(1,373) - -	- - -	- - -	(1,373) 1,321 (47)
expenditure for the year	-	-	828	-	828	446	(1,373)	-	-	(99)
Transferred to sinking fund	-	-	(2,200)	2,200	-	-	-	-	-	-
Utilisation of sinking fund		-	-	(1,679)	(1,679)	-	-	-	-	<u>(1,679</u> )
		-	(1,372)	521	(851)	446	(1,373)	-	-	(1,778)
Balance as at March 31, 2008 (Restated)	142,300	295	37,049	15,062	52,111	23,546	6,077	-	76	224,405
							J			

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHARE CAPITAL, CAPITAL ACCOUNT, ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AND FUNDS - COUNCIL Year ended March 31, 2009

#### **Accumulated Surplus**

	Share <u>Capital</u> \$'000	Capital <u>Account</u> \$'000	General Funds \$'000	Sinking Funds \$'000	<u>Sub-total</u> \$'000	Restricted Fund \$'000	Investment Revaluation <u>Reserve</u> \$'000	Hedging <u>Reserve</u> \$'000	Staff Loans Revolving Fund \$'000	<u>Total</u> \$'000
Balance as at April 1, 2008 (Restated)	142,300	295	37,049	15,062	52,111	23,546	6,077	-	76	224,405
Issue of share capital (Note 7)	8,774	295	27.040	15.063	- F2 111	22 546	6 077		76	8,774
	<u>151,074</u>	295	37,049	15,062	52,111	23,546	6,077	-	76	233,179
Loss on available-for-sale investments	-	-	_	_	_	-	(3,857)	-	-	(3,857)
Transferred to deferred capital grant*	-	-	(4,585)	-	(4,585)	-	-	-	-	(4,585)
Loss on cash flow hedge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,683)	-	(8,683)
Net deficit recognised directly in share capital,										
capital account, accumulated surplus and funds	-	-	(4,585)	-	(4,585)	-	(3,857)	(8,683)	-	(17,125)
(Deficit) Surplus for the financial year		-	(2,612)	-	(2,612)	901	-	-	-	(1,711)
Total recognised income and										
expenditure for the year	-	-	(7,197)	-	(7,197)	901	(3,857)	(8,683)	-	(18,836)
Transferred to sinking fund	-	-	(2,200)	2,200	-	-	-	-	-	-
Utilisation of sinking fund		-	1,225	(1,225)	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	(8,172)	975	(7,197)	901	(3,857)	(8,683)	-	(18,836)
Balance as at March 31, 2009	151,074	295	28,877	16,037	44,914	24,447	2,220	(8,683)	76	214,343

<sup>\*</sup> Pertains to amount transferred from Group's and Council's accumulated surplus to Deferred Capital Grant to finance acquisition of property, plant and equipment during the year.

#### **CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT** Year ended March 31, 2009

	The	e Group
	<u>2009</u>	2008
	\$'000	\$'000 (Destated)
Operating activities		(Restated)
Operating activities  Deficit before grants	(172,198)	(166,659)
Adjustments for:	(172,130)	(100,033)
Depreciation	45,605	42,828
Loss on property, plant and equipment written-off/disposed	324	5,284
Amortisation of prepaid land premium	316	316
Amortisation of deferred revenue	(883)	(2,622)
Allowance for doubtful loans to a third party	488	525
Reversal of allowance for doubtful receivables	-	(20)
Allowance for doubtful receivables	30	-
Reversal of impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	(58)	-
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale investments	(575)	(385)
Interest expense on obligation under finance lease	546	263
Interest expense on bank loan, net	3,421	261
Interest income	(554)	(1,494)
Dividend income	(323)	(486)
Operating cash flow before movements in working capital	(123,861)	(122,189)
Receivables and prepayments	7,392	(578)
Payables and accrued liabilities	(1,596)	10,899
Refundable deposits	144	272
Gate collections held in trust	3,207	(4,600)
Deferred revenue	(883)	3,015
Cash used in operations	(115,597)	(113,181)
Interest paid on obligation under finance lease	(546)	(263)
Contribution to consolidated fund/tax	(651)	(1,857)
Net staff loan disbursed	<u>(13</u> )	(2)
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(116,807</u> )	<u>(115,303</u> )
Investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment (Note A)	(24,904)	(222,545)
Loans to a third party	(488)	(525)
Held-for-trading investments	-	14,977
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	118	-
Proceeds from disposal of rights issue on		
available-for-sale investments	575	-
Interest income	554	1,494
Dividend income	323	486
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(23,822</u> )	<u>(206,113</u> )
Financing activities	(4.000)	00.000
(Repayment of) Loan from bank	(1,800)	90,000
Interest paid on bank loan, net	(1,806)	(261)
Repayments of obligations under finance lease Proceeds on issue of shares	(2,444) 8,774	(984)
Government grants received	142,620	99,200 150,693
Net cash from financing activities	145,344	338,648
Net cash from illiancing activities	143,544	338,048
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	4,715	17,232
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of financial year	110,407	93,175
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of financial year	115,122	110,407
Cash and cash equivalents are represented by:		
Cash and bank balances (Note 17)	57,137	14,994
Cash and bank balances of "Assets of disposal group"	=-,	,
classified as held for sale (Note 18)	-	329
Fixed deposits (Note 17)	57,985	82,553
Fixed deposits of "Assets of disposal group"		
classified as held for sale (Note 18)		12,531
Cash and cash equivalents	115,122	110,407

#### Note A:

During the year ended March 31, 2009, the Group acquired property, plant and equipment with an aggregate cost \$24,904,000 (2008 : \$235,804,000), of which \$Nil (2008 : \$13,259,000) was acquired under finance lease arrangements. Cash payments of \$24,904,000 (2008 : \$222,545,000) were made to purchase property, plant and equipment during the year.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

#### 1 GENERAL

Singapore Sports Council ("Council"), a statutory board established under the Singapore Sports Council Act (Cap. 305, 1985 Revised Edition) is under the purview of the Ministry of Community Development, Youth and Sports ("MCYS"). The address of the Council's registered office and principal place of business is 230 Stadium Boulevard, Singapore 397799. The financial statements are expressed in Singapore dollar.

The principal activities of the Council are to plan for and promote recreational and competitive sports and to develop, manage and maintain public sports facilities.

The Council also owns and operates the Singapore Indoor Stadium.

The principal activity of its subsidiaries is that of the provision of ticketing services as disclosed in Note 12. During the current financial year, following a review the Council decided to defer the divestment of its interests in SISTIC.COM Pte Ltd to a future date.

The financial statements of the Group and the Council for the year ended March 31, 2009 were authorised for issue by the members of the Council on June 26, 2009.

#### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention, except as disclosed in the accounting policies below, and are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Singapore Sports Council Act (Cap. 305) (the "Act") and Singapore Statutory Board Financial Reporting Standards ("SB-FRS").

#### Change in Accounting Policy and Retrospective Application

In November 2008, Ministry of Finance ("MOF") issued Finance Circular Minute ("FCM") M26/2008 on the capital management framework ("CMF") for Statutory Board, which builds on the previously issued FCM M8/2007 on Debt-Equity Framework for Statutory Board. Under CMF, Statutory Boards will no longer receive "free" capital grants, but would instead draw on accumulated surplus and existing equity, debt or additional equity injection from the government. In respect of the equity injection from MOF, the FCM states that Statutory Boards are required to record the fund injection as share capital. In prior years, these funds were recorded as capital grants. Management determined that retrospective application to be appropriate under SB-FRS 8 – Accounting Polices, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, as the change is the result of change in accounting policy. Details of the impact of this CMF on the Group's and Council's financial statements can be found in Note 39.

ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS — In the current financial year, the Council has adopted all the new and revised SB-FRSs and Interpretations of SB-FRS ("INT SB-FRS") that are relevant to its operations and effective for annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2008. The adoption of these new/revised SB-FRSs and INT SB-FRSs does not result in changes to the Council's accounting policies and has no material effect on the amounts reported for the current or prior years except as disclosed below.

SB-FRS 107 - Financial Instruments: Disclosures and amendments to SB-FRS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements relating to capital disclosures

The Council has adopted SB-FRS 107 with effect from annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2008. The new Standard has resulted in an expansion of the disclosures in these financial statements regarding the Council's financial instruments. The Council has also presented information regarding its objectives, policies and processes for managing capital (see Note 4) as required by the amendments to SB-FRS 1.

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following SB-FRS that is relevant to the Council was issued but not effective:

SB-FRS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements (Revised) SB-FRS 23 - Borrowing Costs (Revised)

SB-FRS 1 (Revised) will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2009, and will change the basis for presentation and structure of the financial statements. It does not change the recognition, measurement of disclosure of specific transactions and other events required by other SB-FRSs.

SB-FRS 23 (Revised) will be effective for annual periods beginning on the or after April 1, 2009 and eliminates the option available under the previous version SB-FRS 23 to recognise all borrowing costs immediately as an expense. An entity shall capitalise borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset as part of the cost of that asset. As the change in accounting policy is to be applied prospectively, there will be no impact on amounts reported for 2009.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the Council's management anticipates that the adoption of other SB-FRSs, INT SB-FRSs and amendments to SB-FRSs that were issued but not yet effective at the date of authorisation of these financial statements, will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Council in the period of their initial adoption.

BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION – The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Council and entities controlled by the Council (its subsidiaries) made up to March 31 each year. Control is achieved when the Council has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income and expenditure statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring the accounting policies used in line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group balances and transactions are eliminated on consolidation.

Minority interests in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries are identified separately from the Group's equity therein. Minority interests consist of the amount of those interests at the date of the original business combination and the minority's share of changes in equity since the date of the combination. Deficits applicable to the minority in excess of the minority's interest in the subsidiary's equity are allocated against the interests of the Group except to the extent that the minority has a binding obligation and is able to make an additional investment to cover its share of those deficits.

In the Council's financial statements, investment in subsidiaries is carried at cost less any impairment in net recoverable value that has been recognised in the income and expenditure statement.

BUSINESS COMBINATIONS — The acquisition of subsidiaries is accounted for using the purchase method. The cost of the acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values, at the date of exchange, of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that meet the conditions for recognition under SB-FRS 103 are recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date, except for non-current assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with SB-FRS 105 - *Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations*, which are recognised and measured at fair value less costs to sell.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the balance sheets when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or liability and of allocating interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments (including all fees on points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period. Income and expense are recognised on an effective interest basis.

#### **Financial assets**

#### Investments

Available-for-sale investments are recognised and de-recognised on a trade date where the purchase or sale of an investment is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the investment within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs.

Available-for-sale investments are measured at subsequent reporting dates at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised directly in the investment revaluation reserve with the exception of impairment losses, interest calculated using the effective interest method and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets which are recognised directly in the income and expenditure statement. Where the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in the revaluation reserve is included in the income and expenditure statement for the period.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

#### Loans and receivables

Trade receivables, loans and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as "loans and receivables". Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment. Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest method, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks and fixed deposits that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### **Impairment of financial assets**

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been impacted.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of receivables where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in the income and expenditure statement.

With the exception of available-for-sale equity instruments, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through the income and expenditure statement to the extent the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

In respect of available-for-sale equity instruments, any subsequent increase in fair value after an impairment loss is recognised directly in equity.

#### **De-recognition of financial assets**

The Group de-recognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity, if the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risk and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

#### Classification as debt or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### **Equity instruments**

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

#### Financial liabilities

Payables and accrued liabilities are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis except for short-term payables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

Interest-bearing bank loans are initially measured at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the settlement or redemption of borrowings is recognised over the term of the borrowings in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs (see below).

#### De-recognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire.

#### **Derivative financial instruments**

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in interest rates.

The Group uses interest rate swaps to hedge its risk associated with interest rates when appropriate. The significant interest rate risk arises from the Group's borrowings.

The use of financial derivatives by the Group is approved by the Council members who ensure that the use of financial derivatives is consistent with the Group's risk management strategy. The Group does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at each balance sheet date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in the income and expenditure statement immediately unless the derivatives is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in the income and expenditure statement depends on the nature of the hedging relationship.

A derivative is presented as a non-current asset or a non-current liability if the remaining maturity of the instrument is more than 12 months and it is not expected to be realised or settled within 12 months. Other derivatives are presented as current assets or current liabilities.

#### Hedge accounting

The Group designates interest rate swaps as cash flow hedges.

At the inception of the hedge relationship, the Group documents the relationship between the hedging instrument and hedged item, along with its risk management objectives and its strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions and whether the hedging instrument that is used in a hedging relationship is highly effective in offsetting changes in cash flows of the hedged item.

Note 19 contains details of the fair value of derivative instrument used for hedging purpose. Movements in the hedging reserve in equity are detailed in the statements of changes in share capital, capital account, accumulated surplus and funds.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges are deferred in equity. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the income and expenditure statement, as part of other gains and losses.

Amounts deferred in equity are recycled in the income and expenditure statement in the periods when the hedged item is recognised in the income and expenditure statement. However, when the forecast transaction that is hedged results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or a non-financial liability, the gains and losses previously deferred in equity are transferred from equity and included in the initial measurement of the cost of the asset or liability.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the Group revokes the hedging relationship, the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. Any cumulative gain or loss deferred in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognised when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in the income and expenditure statement. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that was deferred in equity is recognised immediately in the income and expenditure statement.

#### SINGAPORE SPORTS COUNCIL AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** March 31, 2009

SHARE CAPITAL – Pursuant to the Capital Management Framework FCM M26/2008 which builds on Debt-Equity Framework FCM M8/2007, equity injections from MOF are recorded as share capital.

GOVERNMENT GRANTS – Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Government grants received prior to the application of FCM M26/2008 on capital management framework issued by MOF for the purchase of depreciable assets are taken to the Deferred Capital Grants Account. Fund injections received after the application are treated as equity and recorded as share capital.

Non-monetary contributions are taken to property, plant and equipment and the Deferred Capital Grants Account at fair value.

Deferred capital grants are recognised in the income and expenditure statement over the periods necessary to match the depreciation of the assets with the related grants. On disposal of property, plant and equipment, the balance of related grants is recognised in the income and expenditure statement to match the carrying amounts of the property, plant and equipment disposed.

Other government grants are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match them with the costs for which they are intended to compensate, on a systematic basis. Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in the income and expenditure statement in the period in which they become receivable.

NON-GOVERNMENT GRANTS – Contributions from other organisations for the purpose of depreciable assets are taken to the Deferred Capital Grant – Non-Government in the balance sheet and transferred to the income and expenditure statement on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

DEFERRED REVENUE - Income from leasing of lettable areas and facilities received in advance is stated at initial amount less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is calculated on a straight-line basis to write off the initial amount over the lease term and is recognised in income and expenditure statement.

FUNDS – In view of the limitations and restrictions placed on the use of certain funds, resources for various purposes are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into separate funds in accordance with the activities or objectives specified for the use of those funds.

In the financial statements of the Group and the Council, four main groups of funds are distinguished: the Capital Fund, the Donation and Contribution Fund for Sports (Agency Fund), the General Funds and the Restricted Funds.

#### **Capital Fund** (i)

Equity injections, capital grants and contributions for the establishment of the Council and for its major capital expenditure, other than in respect of the Singapore Indoor Stadium, are accounted for in this Fund.

#### **Donation and Contribution Fund for Sports (Agency Fund)**

The Donation and Contribution Fund for Sports was established on October 1, 1973 for the development and promotion of recreational and competition sports in Singapore.

The Donation and Contribution Fund for Sports has been designated as an institution of public character ("IPC") under Section 37(2) of the Income Tax Act on April 1, 2003 for a period of 5 years. During the financial year ended March 31, 2008, the IPC status was renewed for another 2 years, expiring on March 31, 2010.

The net asset of the Donation and Contribution Fund for Sports is shown as a separate line in the Balance Sheets.

Upon dissolution of the Donation and Contribution Fund for Sports or when the Council ceases to exist, the remaining monies in the Fund shall be donated to charitable organisations which have been designated as institutions of public character under Section 37(2) of the Income Tax Act and registered under the Charities Act (Cap. 37), as decided by the Council.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** March 31, 2009

#### (iii) **General Funds**

Income and expenditure relating to the main activities of the Council are accounted for in these Funds.

The General Funds were set up for the following purposes:

Name of Fund <u>Purpose</u>

General account To fund for Singapore Sports Council's sports activities, maintenance and operations of sports facilities and

to account for implementation of recommendations by the Committee of Sporting Singapore for sports

development in Singapore.

Staff Loans Revolving Fund To fund for loans to staff. Interest income of this fund is taken to the General account.

Singapore Indoor Stadium To fund for funds relating to the operations of the Singapore Indoor Stadium.

Sinking Fund To fund for cyclical maintenance needs for the Singapore Indoor Stadium and upgrading of its existing facilities

and equipment. On an annual basis, \$2,200,000 is transferred from General Account to Sinking Fund.

#### **Restricted Funds** (iv)

Income and expenditure relating to specific activities are accounted for directly in the funds to which they relate.

The Restricted Funds were set up for the following specific projects / purposes:

Name of Fund **Projects / Purpose** 

Runme Shaw Centre for Sports

Medicine and Research

To fund sports medical research and the purchase of related sports medicine and research equipment.

Sports Aid Fund To provide financial assistance to athletes and selected sports and training facilities.

Assets and liabilities of the Capital Fund, General Funds and Restricted Funds are pooled in the Balance Sheet, and are separately disclosed in Notes 8 and 9 respectively.

LEASES – Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

#### The Group as lessor

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the amount of the Group's net investment in the leases. Finance lease incomes allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the Group's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which use benefit derived from the leased asset is diminished. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### The Group as lessee

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets of the Group at the lower of their fair value at the inception of the lease or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged directly to income and expenditure, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the Group's general policy on borrowing costs. Contingent rentals are recognised as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

### SINGAPORE SPORTS COUNCIL AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2009

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the income and expenditure statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognised as an expenditure in the period in which they are incurred.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE — Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of the assets' previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. If there are changes to a plan of sale and the criteria for classification as held for sale are no longer met, the asset (or disposal group) is ceased to be classified as held for sale. The non-current asset (or disposal group) that ceases to be classified as held for sale is measured at the lower of i) its carrying amount before the disposable group was classified as held for sale and ii) its recoverable amount at the date of the subsequent decision not to sell.

PREPAID LAND PREMIUM – Prepaid land premium comprises premium paid for leasehold land and is charged to the income and expenditure statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term of 20 years.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT – Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost, less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Work-in-progress consists of construction costs and consultancy expenses incurred during the period of construction.

Depreciation is charged so as to write-off the cost of assets over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method, on the following bases:

Leasehold land - the period of the lease

Buildings - the period of the lease or 40 years whichever is shorter

Furniture equipment and other fixed assets - 3 to 10 years

Depreciation is not provided on work-in-progress until completion of work and the asset is available for use.

Fully depreciated assets still in use are retained in the financial statements.

The estimated useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets or, if there is no certainty that the lessee will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset shall be fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the income and expenditure statement.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS – At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the income and expenditure statement.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the income and expenditure statement.

PROVISIONS – Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

INCOME RECOGNITION – Income is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Income is reduced for estimated rebates and other similar allowances. Income, other than donations and contributions, is accounted for on an accrual basis.

The accounting policy for recognising grants and contributions is set out above.

Donations are accounted for on a cash basis.

Income from services is recognised as and when services are performed. Commission and fees from ticketing sales are recognised upon sales of tickets to customers.

Car park revenue, which is collected by the Urban Redevelopment Authority ("URA") on behalf of the Council, is taken to the income and expenditure statement of the General Funds based on amounts estimated by URA. The estimated car park revenue is subject to adjustments by URA based on car park occupancy surveys.

Advertisement revenue is recognised upon publication or broadcast of the advertisement.

Interest income is accrued on a time-proportion basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the right to receive payment has been established.

BORROWING COSTS – Borrowing costs are recognised in the income and expenditure statement in the period in which they are incurred.

CYCLICAL MAINTENANCE OF PROPERTIES – Expenses incurred on the cyclical maintenance of properties are not capitalised but are charged to the income and expenditure statement as normal maintenance expenses.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

RETIREMENT BENEFIT COSTS – Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are charged as an expense as they fall due. Payments made to state-managed retirement benefit schemes, such as the Singapore Central Provident Fund, are dealt with as payments to defined contribution plans where the Group's obligations under the plans are equivalent to those arising in a defined contribution retirement benefit plan.

EMPLOYEE LEAVE ENTITLEMENT – Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

INCOME TAX – The Council is exempted from income tax under Section 13(1)(e) of the Income Tax Act (Cap. 134, 2004 Revised Edition).

In respect of the subsidiaries, income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the income and expenditure statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are not taxable or tax deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements, and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset realised based on the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax is charged or credited to the income and expenditure statement except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case, the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

CONTRIBUTION TO CONSOLIDATED FUND – The Council is required to make a contribution to the consolidated fund in accordance with the section 3(a) of the Statutory Corporation (Contribution to Consolidated Fund) Act (Cap. 319A). The provision is based on the guidelines specified by the Ministry of Finance. It is computed based on the net surplus of the Council for each of the financial year at the prevailing corporate tax rate for the Year of Assessment. Contribution to consolidated fund is provided on an accrual basis.

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS AND TRANSLATION – The individual financial statements of each Group entity are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). The financial statements of the Group and the Council are presented in Singapore dollar, which is the functional currency of the Council, and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements.

In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of the transaction. At each balance sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on retranslation of monetary items are included in the income and expenditure statement for the period. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in the income and expenditure statement for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in the funds of the Group. For such non-monetary items, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised directly in the funds of the Group.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations (including comparatives) are expressed in Singapore dollar using exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Income and expense items (including comparatives) are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuated significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are classified as equity and transferred to the Group's translation reserve. Such translation differences are recognised in the income and expenditure statement in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

#### 3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 2, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumption are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

Management is of the opinion that there are no critical judgements involved that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements apart from those involving estimates, where are dealt with below.

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

#### Recoverability of receivables

The assessment of recoverability of receivables of the Group and the Council is based on the ongoing evaluation of customers' creditworthiness and past collection history of debtors. The Group and the Council have evaluated the recovery of the outstanding receivables included in the balance sheet as at March 31, 2009 of \$109,801,000 and \$107,084,000 respectively (2008: \$115,185,000 for both the Group and the Council) after accounting for an allowance for doubtful receivables of \$30,000 (2008: \$Nil) for the Group and the Council (Note 16). The Group and the Council have also evaluated the recovery of the amount owing by a third party of \$1,646,000 (2008: \$1,158,000) and is of the opinion that such receivables should be fully impaired in view of the financial position of the third party (Note 14).

#### Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

As described in Note 2, the Group reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each annual reporting period. During the financial year, management determines that there is no change in the useful lives of property, plant and equipment from prior year.

#### Impairment of property, plant and equipment

Management performs periodic assessment of the Group's property, plant and equipment to determine if any of these assets are impaired. Management has evaluated the carrying amount of the property, plant and equipment included in the balance sheet as at March 31, 2009 of \$791,158,000 (2008: \$810,180,000) and is of the opinion that provision for impairment of \$9,563,000 (2008: \$9,621,000) is adequate (Note 10). The impairment pertains to the probable demolishing of these buildings for the development of the Sports Hub project.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

#### 4 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, FINANCIAL RISKS AND CAPITAL RISKS MANAGEMENT

#### (a) Categories of financial instruments

The following table sets out the financial instruments as at the balance sheet date:

	The	<u>Council</u>	The	The Group		
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>		
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000		
Financial assets						
Available-for-sale investments	3,413	7,270	3,413	7,270		
Loan and receivables						
(including cash and cash equivalents)	202,392	211,603	222,881	211,603		
casii equivalents)	202,392	211,003	222,001	211,005		
Financial liabilities						
Derivative instrument	8,683	-	8,683	-		
Amortised cost	131,659	136,146	144,641	136,146		

#### (b) Financial risk management policies and objectives

The Group's overall financial risk management seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group.

#### (i) Credit risk

The Group's and Council's principal financial assets are cash and bank balances, receivables and available-for-sale investments.

The credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instrument is limited because the counterparts have high credit rating. The Group has policies in place to ensure that the rendering of services are made to customers with appropriate credit history.

The Group has significant receivables due from government amounting to \$99,133,000 (2008 : \$111,376,000) (Note 16), representing 90% (2008 : 97%) of total receivables balance as at the year end. Such credit risk is deemed minimal by management.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements, net of any allowance for losses, represents the Group's and Council's maximum exposure to credit risk.

#### (ii) Interest rate risk

Interest bearing financial assets and liabilities of the Group are mainly cash and cash equivalents and bank loan. The Group has long-term bank loan at variable rates and uses interest rate swap as cash flow hedge of future interest payments, which has the economic effect of converting borrowings from floating rates to fixed rate. The interest rate swap allows the Group to raise long-term borrowing at floating rates and swap them into fixed rates that are lower than those available if the Group borrowed at fixed rates directly. Under the interest rate swap, the Group agrees with other parties to exchange, at specified intervals, the difference between fixed contract rates and floating interest amounts calculated by reference to the agreed notional principal amount. With the interest rate swap arrangement in place and the repayment of the bank loan including the interest is funded by government, management determined that there is no significant interest rate risk. Further details of the interest rate swap can be found in Note 19.

The fixed deposits are short term in nature and at market interest level. Any future variations in interest rates will not have a material impact on the results of the Group.

Accordingly, no interest rate sensitivity analysis is presented.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

#### (iii) Foreign exchange risk

The Group and Council have no significant foreign currency risk as its financial assets and liabilities are substantially denominated in Singapore dollar.

Accordingly, no foreign exchange sensitivity analysis is presented.

#### (iv) Liquidity risk

The Group has minimal exposure to liquidity risk as its operations are generally funded by government, which include funding for payments of the instalments (principal and interest) of the Group's bank loan (Note 21). The Group ensures that sufficient liquidity through highly liquid assets in the form of cash and short-term demand deposits are maintained to meet its financial obligations.

#### Liquidity and interest risk analysis

The following tables detail the remaining contractual maturity for non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group and the Council can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	On demand or within 1 year \$'000	Within 2 to 5 years \$'000	After <u>5 years</u> \$'000	Adjustment \$'000	<u>Total</u> \$'000
<u>Group</u>						
2009 Non-interest bearing Fixed interest rate	-	46,610	-	-	-	46,610
instruments Variable interest rate	5	2,990	7,724	-	(883)	9,831
instruments	1.92	5,259	20,344	83,350	(20,753)	88,200 144,641
2008 Non-interest bearing Fixed interest rate	-	33,871	-	-	-	33,871
instruments Variable interest rate	5	2,990	10,714	-	(1,429)	12,275
instruments	1.89	90,032	-	-	(32)	90,000 136,146
<u>Council</u>						
<b>2009</b> Non-interest bearing Fixed interest rate	-	33,628	-	-	-	33,628
instruments Variable interest rate	5	2,990	7,724	-	(883)	9,831
instruments	1.92	5,259	20,344	83,350	(20,753)	88,200 131,659
2008 Non-interest bearing Fixed interest rate	-	33,871	-	-	-	33,871
instruments Variable interest rate	5	2,990	10,714	-	(1,429)	12,275
instruments	1.29	90,032	-	-	(32)	90,000 136,146

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

#### (v) Equity price risk

The Group has limited exposure to equity price risks as it has no material equity investments. Available-for-sale equity investments are held for strategic rather than trading purposes. Equity price sensitivity has not been analysed as the impact on the Group's and Council's financial statements is not expected to be significant.

Further details of these equity investments can be found in Note 13.

#### (vi) Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables, refundable deposits and gate collections held in trust approximate their respective fair values due to the relatively short-term maturity of these financial instruments. The fair values of other classes of financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in the respective notes to financial statements.

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market prices; and
- the fair value of derivative instrument is calculated using quoted prices. Where such prices are not available, discounted cash flow analysis is used,
   based on the applicable yield curve of the duration of the instruments for non-optional derivatives, and option pricing models for optional derivatives.

#### (c) Capital risk management policies and objectives

The Group manages its capital to ensure that the entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while fulfilling its objective as a statutory board.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt, which includes the borrowings disclosed in Note 21, and share capital, capital account, accumulated surplus and funds. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from last financial year.

#### 5 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties are entities with common direct or indirect shareholders and/or members of the Council. Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. All Government ministries, statutory boards and government-linked companies are deemed related parties to the Council.

Many of the Council's transactions and arrangements are with related parties and the effect of these on the basis determined between the parties is reflected in these financial statements. The balances are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand unless otherwise stated.

Under SB-FRS 24 - Related Party Disclosure, the Council is exempted from disclosure of transactions and balances with other state-controlled entities. Accordingly, transactions and balances with government ministries, statutory boards and government-linked companies have not been disclosed in these financial statements.

During the year, the Group entered into the following transactions with related parties:

	<u>The 0</u> <b>2009</b> \$'000	Group 2008 \$'000
Revenue from minority shareholder of the subsidiary	(391)	(448)
Commission paid to minority shareholder of the subsidiary	<u>45</u>	57

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

#### Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of members of key management during the financial year was as follows:

	The C	Council	The Group		
	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	2008	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Short-term employment benefits Post-employment benefits	2,070	2,836	3,279	4,115	
	60	151	125		
r ost employment benefits	2,130	2,987	3,404	4,342	

#### 6 DONATION AND CONTRIBUTION FUND FOR SPORTS

	<u>The Cou</u> <b>2009</b> \$'000	ncil and Group 2008 \$'000
Accumulated surplus	<u>201</u>	<u>203</u>
Represented by:		
Current assets: Fixed deposits Bank balances  Current liabilities: Amounts due to IPC members Payables	206 21 227 - 3 3	205 65 270 44  44
Non-current liability: Balance of donation not utilised	_23	_23
Net assets of Donation and Contribution Fund	<u>201</u>	<u>203</u>

The accumulated surplus comprises bank interest received less bank charges since inception in 1973.

Upon dissolution of the Donation and Contribution Fund or when the Council ceases to exist, the remaining monies in the Fund shall be donated to charitable organisations which have been designated as institutions of a public character ("IPC") under the Charities Act (Cap. 37), as decided by the Council.

A separate set of audited financial statements are prepared and submitted to the relevant authorities.

#### 7 SHARE CAPITAL

	The Council and the Group					
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>		
	Number	of shares	\$'000	\$'000		
		(Restated)		(Restated)		
Issued and paid up:						
At the beginning of the year	142,300	43,100	142,300	43,100		
Additions during the year*	8,774	99,200	8,774	99,200		
At the end of the year#	151,074	142,300	151,074	142,300		

The shares carry neither voting rights nor par value.

<sup>\*</sup> As at March 31, 2009, the number of shares yet to be issued to MOF was 6,249,200 which were subsequently issued on May 22, 2009.

<sup>#</sup> This pertains to the equity injection from MOF recognised as share capital under CMF for Statutory Board under FCM M26/2008. Further details on the impact of CMF can be found in Note 39. 43,100,000, 99,200,000 and 2,524,672 shares were issued to MOF on January 23, 2007, January 30, 2008 and May 20, 2008 respectively.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** March 31, 2009

#### 8 **CAPITAL AND GENERAL FUNDS**

#### (a) The Council – Detailed Income and Expenditure Statement

	Ca	pital	Ge	eneral		apore Stadium	T	otal
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
On another the come.		(Restated)						(Restated)
Operating Income: Admission fees			10,172	8,702			10 172	9 702
Hiring of facilities	-	-	6,668	6,003	-	-	10,172 6,668	8,702 6,003
Program fees	_	_	2,439	2,645	_	_	2,439	2,645
Car park charges	_	_	5,439	4,870	_	_	5,439	4,870
Rental of lettable areas	567	3,260	6,159	6,226	1,052	868	7,778	10,354
Rental of stadium and gate collections	-	-	52	30	5,037	5,165	5,089	5,195
Miscellaneous income	-	-	2,110	1,502	580	655	2,690	2,157
Donations and contributions			708	182			708	182
	567	3,260	33,747	30,160	6,669	6,688	40,983	40,108
Operating Expenditure:								
Depreciation	40,390	37,681	-	-	4,370	4,275	44,760	41,956
General and administrative expenses	-	-	885	858	786	648	1,671	1,506
Minor works, repairs and maintenance			42.504	40.554	700	4.465	12.202	42.746
of properties	-	- - 221	12,584	12,551	709	1,165	13,293	13,716
Operating expenses	231	5,231	81,203	75,109	1,964 2,748	1,554 2,684	83,398	81,894 56,020
Employee benefits expense Other expenses	546	263	52,541 17,386	53,336 14,694	2,748 18	2,664 13	55,289 17,950	14,970
Other expenses	41,167	43,175	164,599	156,548	10,595	10,339	216,361	210,062
	41,107	_43,173	104,333	130,340	10,555	10,555	210,501	210,002
Operating Deficit	(40,600)	(39,915)	(130,852)	(126,388)	(3,926)	(3,651)	(175,378)	(169,954)
Non-operating Income	-	-	76	461	271	914	347	1,375
Deficit Before Grants	(40,600)	(39,915)	(130,776)	(125,927)	(3,655)	(2,737)	(175,031)	(168,579)
Grants								
Utilisation of sinking fund	-	-	-	-	-	1,679	-	1,679
Operating grants from Government Deferred capital grants amortised	-	-	130,892	125,927	-	-	130,892	125,927
Government	37,981	39,680	_	_	847	846	38,828	40,526
Non-Government	852	(76)	-	-	1,847	1,847	2,699	1,771
	38,833	39,604	130,892	125,927	2,694	4,372	172,419	169,903
(Deficit) Surplus For The Year Before								
Contribution To Consolidated Fund	(1,767)	(311)	116	-	(961)	1,635	(2,612)	1,324
Contribution To Consolidated Fund	-	(408)			-	<u>(1</u> )	-	(409)
(Deficit) Surplus For The Year	<u>(1,767</u> )	<u>(719</u> )	116		<u>(961</u> )	1,634	<u>(2,612</u> )	<u>915</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

#### 8 CAPITAL AND GENERAL FUNDS

#### (b) The Council – Detailed Balance Sheet

	C	apital	Go	neral	_	apore Stadium		loans ng fund	7	otal
	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000 (Restated)	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000	<b>2009</b> \$'000	2008 \$'000 (Restated)
Share capital (Note 7) Capital account Accumulated surplus Hedging reserve Staff loans revolving fund	151,074 295 (2,720) (8,683)	142,300 295 (954) - 	- 11,169 - ——-	- - 15,639 - 	36,465 - -	37,426 - -	- - - - <u>76</u>	- - - - <u>76</u>	151,074 295 44,914 (8,683) <u>76</u>	142,300 295 52,111 - 76
Represented by:	139,966	<u>141,641</u>	<u>11,169</u>	<u>15,639</u>	<u>36,465</u>	<u>37,426</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>187,676</u>	194,782
Non-Current Assets: Property, plant and equipment Subsidiaries Prepaid land premium Receivables and prepayments Staff loans repayable	722,180 - - 92,324 - 814,504	738,498 - - 11,960 - 750,458	4,504 - 4,504	4,820 - 4,820	67,218 1,572 - - - - 68,790	71,598 1,572 - - - - 73,170	- - - 20 20	- - - - - 7 7	789,398 1,572 4,504 92,324 20 887,818	810,096 1,572 4,820 11,960 7 828,455
Current Assets: Prepaid land premium Receivables and prepayments Inter-fund balances Cash and bank balances	4,800 14,870 5,735 25,405	94,503 8,231 11,471 114,205	316 9,518 (38,041) <u>67,110</u> <u>38,903</u>	316 8,052 (38,342) <u>70,181</u> <u>40,207</u>	438 20,233 4,000 24,671	574 19,761 <u>3,901</u> 24,236	- (6) <u>62</u> 56	- 7 62 69	316 14,756 (2,944) 76,907 89,035	316 103,129 (10,343) 85,615 178,717
Less: Current Liabilities: Derivative financial instrument Payables and accrued liabilities Bank loan Current portion of finance lease Deferred revenue Grants received in advance Refundable deposits Gate collections held in trust Provision for contribution to consolidated funds	8,683 3,363 3,600 2,569 142 17,188 - - - 35,545	6,503 90,000 2,444 567 15,577 - - 408 115,499	26,315 - - 316 - 1,057 46	23,299 - - 316 - 916 37	1,743 - - - 1,075 - - 2,818	2,034 - - - 1,082 - (8) 3,108	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8,683 31,421 3,600 2,569 458 17,188 2,132 46	31,836 90,000 2,444 883 15,577 1,998 37 400 143,175
Net Current (Liabilities) Assets	_(10,140)	_(1,294)	<u>11,169</u>	<u>15,639</u>	21,853	<u>21,128</u>	<u>56</u>	<u>69</u>	22,938	35,542
Non-Current Liabilities: Bank Loan Finance lease Deferred revenue Deferred capital grants Government Non-Government	84,600 7,262 - 562,922 <u>9,614</u> 664,398	9,831 142 587,084 10,466 607,523	- 4,504 - - 4,504	4,820 - - 4,820	- - 16,938 <u>37,240</u> <u>54,178</u>	17,785 39,087 56,872			84,600 7,262 4,504 579,860 46,854 723,080	9,831 4,962 604,869 49,553 669,215
	139,966	141,641	11,169	<u>15,639</u>	<u>36,465</u>	37,426	<u>76</u>	<u>76</u>	187,676	194,782

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

#### 9 RESTRICTED FUNDS

#### (a) The Council – Detailed Income and Expenditure Statement

	Sport N	naw Centre Medicine	Spo		_	
		<u>esearch</u>	Aid F			<u>tal</u>
	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<b>2008</b> \$'000	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<b>2008</b> \$'000	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<b>2008</b> \$'000
Operating Income: Rental of lettable areas	_	_	6	6	6	6
Miscellaneous income	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u>-</u> 6			6
Operating Expenditure:						
Depreciation	41	54	12	12	53	66
Operating expenses	<u>10</u> <u>51</u>	<u>-</u> 54	<u></u> <u>12</u>	<u></u>	_ <u>10</u> _63	66
Operating Deficit	(51)	(54)	(6)	(6)	(57)	(60)
Non-operating Income	<u>899</u>	<u>345</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>198</u>	<u>946</u>	<u>543</u>
Surplus Before Grants	<u>848</u>	<u>291</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>192</u>	<u>889</u>	<u>483</u>
Grants: Amortisation of deferred capital grants – Non-Government	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u>12</u>	_12	_12	_12
Surplus For The Year Before Contribution To						
Consolidated Fund	848	291	53	204	901	495
Contribution To Consolidated Fund		<u>(52</u> )		<u>(37</u> )		<u>(89</u> )
Surplus For The Year	<u>848</u>	<u>239</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>167</u>	<u>901</u>	<u>406</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

#### 9 RESTRICTED FUNDS

#### (b) The Council – Detailed Balance Sheet

	Runme Sh Sport M	edicine		orts			
		<u>search</u>		<u>Fund</u>	Total		
	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<b>2008</b> \$'000	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<u>2008</u> \$'000	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<u>2008</u> \$'000	
	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Accumulated surplus	2,704	1,856	21,743	21,690	24,447	23,546	
Investment revaluation reserve	<u>2,220</u>	6,077			2,220	6,077	
	<u>4,924</u>	<u>7,933</u>	21,743	<u>21,690</u>	26,667	<u>29,623</u>	
Represented by:							
Non-Current Assets:							
Property, plant and equipment	119	71	1	13	120	84	
Available-for-sale investments	3,413	7,270			3,413	7,270	
	<u>3,532</u>	<u>7,341</u>	1	13	3,533	<u>7,354</u>	
Current Assets:							
Receivables and prepayments	-	62	4	34	4	96	
Inter-fund balances Cash and bank balances	(145) 1,537	(57) 640	3,089 18,679	10,400 11,292	2,944 20,216	10,343 11,932	
Cash and bank balances	1,337 1,392	645	21,772	21,726	23,164	22,371	
Lance	<u></u>			<u> </u>			
Less: Current Liabilities:							
Payables and accrued liabilities	-	-	29	-	29	-	
Provision for contribution to consolidated fund		53		36	_	89	
consolidated fund		<u> 53</u>	<u>-</u> 29	<u>36</u>	29	<u>89</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS	1 202	E02	21 7/2	21 600	22 125	22 202	
NEI CORRENT ASSETS	<u>1,392</u>	_592	<u>21,743</u>	<u>21,690</u>	<u>23,135</u>	22,282	
Non-Current Liability:							
Deferred capital grants  – Non-Government	-	_	1	13	1	13	
			<u>.</u>		<u>.</u>		
	4,924	7,933	21,743	21,690	26,667	29,623	

## SINGAPORE SPORTS COUNCIL AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### March 31, 2009

#### 10 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The Council

				Capit	al and General Fund	ds
	National Stac	lium Complex	Other Sport	s Facilities	Furniture	
	Leasehold land \$'000	Buildings \$'000	Leasehold <u>land</u> \$'000	Buildings \$'000	equipment and other fixed assets \$'000	Work-in -progress \$'000
Cost						
At April 1, 2007	85,042	43,928	242,088	555,091	35,597	9,629
Additions	6	17	-	13,437	298	219,727
Transfers	189,178	-	5,276	2,167	2,320	(198,941)
Written off/disposal			<u>(5,962</u> )	<u>(6,713</u> )	<u>(207</u> )	
At March 31, 2008	274,226	43,945	241,402	563,982	38,008	30,415
Additions	-	-	-	317	635	23,351
Transfers	2,525	-	2,474	28,888	7,357	(41,244)
Reclassification	-	-	-	-	-	-
Written off/ disposal	-	<u>(147</u> )	<u>(457</u> )	<u>(7</u> )	(841)	(215)
At March 31, 2009	<u>276,751</u>	<u>43,798</u>	<u>243,419</u>	<u>593,180</u>	<u>45,159</u>	<u>12,307</u>
Accumulated depreciation						
At April 1, 2007	13,546	32,654	107,996	237,098	22,535	_
Charge for the year	4,445	181	7,790	21,885	3,380	-
Written off/disposal	-	-	(777)	(6,713)	(161)	-
At March 31, 2008	17,991	32,835	115,009	252,270	25,754	
Charge for the year	3,799	181	7,929	24,367	4,115	-
Reclassification	-	-	-	-	-	-
Written off/ disposal	-	(89)	(457)	(7)	(825)	-
At March 31, 2009	21,790	32,927	122,481	276,630	29,044	
Impairment						
At April 1, 2007 and						
March 31, 2008	_	9,621		_		_
Reversal during the year	_	(58)	_	_	_	_
At March 31, 2009*		9,563				
Counting Amounts						
Carrying Amounts	254.061	1 200	120.020	216 550	16 115	12 207
At March 31, 2009	<u>254,961</u>		120,938	<u>316,550</u>	<u>16,115</u>	12,307
At March 31, 2008	256,235		126,393	311,712	12,254	30,415

Restricted	
Funds	

Sing	apore Indoor Stadi	um			
	Furniture equipment and other	Work-in		Furniture equipment and other	
Buildings \$'000	fixed assets \$'000	-progress \$'000	Sub-total \$'000	fixed assets \$'000	Grand total \$'000
		,			·
113,508	8,435	-	1,093,318	937	1,094,255
56	357	690	234,588	18	234,606
-	(489)	-	- (13,371)	(37)	(13,408)
113,564	8,303	690	1,314,535	918	1,315,453
-	133	-	24,436	89	24,525
-	547	(547)	-	-	-
(204)	204	-	-	-	-
		<u>(143</u> )	(1,810)	<u>(6</u> )	<u>(1,816</u> )
<u>113,360</u>	<u>9,187</u>		<u>1,337,161</u>	<u>1,001</u>	<u>1,338,162</u>
43,430	3,693	_	460,952	805	461,757
3,178	1,097	-	41,956	66	42,022
-	(439)	-	(8,090)	(37)	(8,127)
46,608	4,351	-	494,818	834	495,652
3,169	1,200	-	44,760	53	44,813
(14)	14	-	-	-	-
-			(1,378)	<u>(6)</u>	(1,384)
49,763	<u>5,565</u>		_538,200	881	539,081
-	-	-	9,621	-	9,621
<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	(58)		(58)
			9,563		9,563
63 507	3 622	_	789,398	120	789,518
63,597	<u>3,622</u>	=	<u> </u>	====	
66,956	3,952	690	810,096	84	810,180

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

#### 10 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

**Capital and General Funds National Stadium Complex** Other Sports Facilities **Furniture** equipment Leasehold and other Leasehold Work-in **Buildings Buildings** <u>land</u> <u>land</u> fixed assets -progress \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 Cost At April 1, 2007 85,042 43,928 242,088 555,091 35,597 9,629 Additions 17 13,437 298 219,727 189,178 **Transfers** 5,276 2,167 2,320 (198,941)Written off/disposal (5,96<u>2</u>) (6,713) <u>(207</u>) 274,226 43,945 38,008 30,415 241,402 563,982 At March 31, 2008 Transferred to "Assets of disposal group classified as held for sale" (Note 18) 274,226 43,945 241,402 563,982 38,008 30,415 Transferred from "Assets of disposal group classified as held for sale" (Note 18) Additions 317 635 23,351 2,525 2,474 28,888 **Transfers** (41,244)7,357 Reclassifications Written off/disposal (147)(457)(841)(215)276,751 At March 31, 2009 593,180 43,798 243,419 45,159 12,307 **Accumulated depreciation** 32,654 107,996 237,098 22,535 At April 1, 2007 13,546 Charge for the financial year 7,790 21,885 3,380 4,445 181 Written off/disposal (777) (6,71<u>3</u>) <u>(161</u>) 17,991 32,835 252,270 25,754 At March 31, 2008 115,009 Transferred to "Assets of disposal group classified as held for sale" (Note 18) 17,991 32,835 115,009 252,270 25,754 Transferred from "Assets of disposal group classified as held for sale" (Note 18) 3,799 7,929 Charge for the financial year 181 24,367 4,115 Reclassifications Written off/disposal (89)<u>(457</u>) <u>(825</u>) 21,790 276,630 29,044 At March 31, 2009 32,927 122,481 **Impairment** At April 1, 2007 and March 31, 2008 9,621 Reversal during the year <u>(58</u>) At March, 2009\* 9,563 **Carrying Amount** 1,308 254,961 120,938 316,550 16,115 12,307 At March 31, 2009

311,712

12,254

30,415

1,489

256,235

At March 31, 2008

The carrying amount of the Council's and the Group's property, plant and equipment includes an amount of \$10,607,000 (2008 : \$12,154,000) in respect of assets held under finance lease arrangements as disclosed in Note 22.

<sup>\*</sup> Impairment loss in the carrying amount of buildings arises from the uncertainty of future income generation stream resulting from probable demolition of these buildings for the development of Sports Hub project.

 				Restricted Funds	<u>Others</u>	
Buildings \$'000	ngapore Indoor Stadiu Furniture equipment and other <u>fixed assets</u> \$'000	Work-in -progress \$'000	<u>Sub-Total</u> \$'000	Furniture equipment and other <u>fixed assets</u> \$'000	Furniture fittings and <u>equipment</u> \$'000	Grand total \$'000
113,508 56	8,435 357	- 690	1,093,318 234,588	937 18	4,730 1,198	1,098,985 235,804
113,564		- - 690	(13,371) 1,314,535	( <u>37)</u> 918	( <u>3</u> ) 5,925	(13,411) 1,321,378
<u>-</u> 113,564	8,303	<del>-</del> 690	- 1,314,535	918	( <u>5,925</u> ) -	<u>(5,925)</u> 1,315,453
- - - (20.4)	133 547	- - (547)	- 24,436 -	- 89 -	5,925 379 -	5,925 24,904 -
(204) - 113,360	204 - 9,187	( <u>143</u> ) 	(1,810) 1,337,161	(6) 1,001		(2,212) 1,344,070
43,430 3,178 ————————————————————————————————————	3,693 1,097 <u>(439)</u> 4,351	: - <u>:</u>	460,952 41,956 (8,090) 494,818	805 66 (37) 834	3,056 806  3,862	464,813 42,828 (8,127) 499,514
46,608	<del>-</del> 4,351		494,818	834	( <u>3,862</u> ) -	<u>(3,862)</u> 495,652
3,169 (14) - 49,763	- 1,200 14 <u>-</u> 5,565		- 44,760 - (1,378) 538,200	- 53 - (6) <u>881</u>	3,862 792 - (386) 4,268	3,862 45,605 - (1,770) 543,349
<u> </u>	- 	-  	9,621 (58) 9,563	- 	· 	9,621 (58) 9,563
63,597 66,956	<u>3,622</u> <u>3,952</u>	<u> </u>	789,398 810,096	<u>120</u> <u>84</u>	1,640	<u>791,158</u> _810,180

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

#### 11 PREPAID LAND PREMIUM

	<u>The Council an</u> 2009 \$'000	nd the Group 2008 \$'000
Prepaid land premium	4,820	5,136
Less: Current portion Non-current portion	(316) 4,504	(316) 4,820

#### 12 SUBSIDIARIES

	The Council		
	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<b>2008</b> \$'000	
Unquoted equity shares, at cost	<u>1,572</u>	<u>1,572</u>	

Details of the Council's subsidiaries as at March 31, 2009 are as follows:

Name of subsidiaries	Country of incorporation and operation	Proport ownersh <u>voting po</u> <u>2009</u> %	nip and	Principal activity
Held by the Council				
SISTIC.COM Pte Ltd*	Singapore	65	65	Ticketing services
Held by SISTIC.com Pte Ltd				
SISTIC Ticketing (M) Sdn Bhd #	Malaysia	-	65	Dormant

<sup>\*</sup> Audited by PriceWaterhouseCoopers, Singapore.

In March 2008, the Council announced its intention to divest all its interests in SISTIC.COM Pte Ltd by December 2008. However, during the financial year ended March 31, 2009, the Council deferred the divestment to a future date following a review of the decision to divest.

#### 13 AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

	<u>The Council an</u> <b>2009</b> \$'000	d the Group 2008 \$'000
Quoted equity shares - at fair value	<u>3,413</u>	<u>7,270</u>

Quoted equity shares offer the Council opportunity for return through dividend income and fair value gains. They have no fixed maturity or coupon rate. The fair values of these shares are based on the quoted closing market prices on the last market day of the financial year.

In December 2008, the investee announced a rights issue at \$5.42 of one share for every two shares held. Accordingly, the Council's entitlement to the rights issue was 201,952 shares ("SSC Rights"). SSC Rights have been subsequently disposed in January 2009 at a net proceed of \$575,000 (Note 34). The gain on disposal was credited directly to the income and expenditure statement as management is of the opinion that the rights issue is a form of "deemed" distribution on the quoted shares held in the investee due to the discount given on the subscription price of rights issue.

<sup>\*</sup> The subsidiary remained dormant since incorporation. On July 3, 2008, SISTIC Ticketing (M) Sdn Bhd was de-registered with the Companies Commission of Malaysia.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

#### 14 LOANS TO A THIRD PARTY

	The Council and the Group		
	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<b>2008</b> \$'000	
Loan receivables	1,646	1,158	
Allowance for doubtful receivables	<u>(1,646</u> )	<u>(1,158</u> )	
Net	<del>_</del>	<u> </u>	

Movement in the allowance for doubtful receivables:

	The Co	The Council and the Group		
	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<b>2008</b> \$'000		
Balance at the beginning of year Increase in allowance recognised in	1,158	633		
income or expenditure (Note 31) Balance at end of year	488 1,646	<u>525</u> 1,158		

On March 14, 2006, the Council entered into a memorandum of understanding (the "MOU") with a third party (the "Party"). The Council would provide support to the Party by offering it the preferential hiring and lease terms and rental of facilities at the Singapore Indoor Stadium ("SIS"). Also stipulated in the MOU, in return for the support, the Party granted an Ordinary Share Option to the Council, whereby the Council has the option over 250 "A" ordinary shares in the capital of the Party. The option may only be exercised by the Council upon simultaneous exercise of the Preference Share Option (see below) and upon the payment of \$10 per ordinary share.

Following the MOU, on March 31, 2006, the Council and the Party entered into a hiring agreement for the hire of the SIS Arena and an office lease agreement for the lease of office space in SIS. The agreements are for a period of 5 years commencing from July 1, 2006 to June 30, 2011. As stipulated in the second addendum of the hiring and office lease agreements dated on March 5, 2008, the hiring charges including rent and service charges for the first three years (from July 2006 to June 2009) would be fixed, and an option was granted to the Council to acquire 250 "B" preference shares at \$2,875 each in the capital of the Party in lieu of the repayment of an amount of \$718,750 owing by the Party, being the amount owing by the Party at June 30, 2009, i.e., end of three years. This option may be exercised by the Council at any time and on as many occasions. In addition, as of March 31, 2009, \$714,000 (2008 : \$479,000) was recorded as a receivable from the Party, which was included in the loan receivables at year end.

Based on management accounts of the Party as at March 31, 2009, the Party was at a net capital deficiency position of \$3,568,000 (2008: \$1,357,000) and incurred a loss of \$612,000 (2008: \$1,400,000) for the year then ended. For the financial year ended March 31, 2009, management has made an additional impairment loss of \$488,000 (2008: \$525,000) for the total amount outstanding as of year end. In addition, management has not recorded the value of the options given to the Council as this is expected to be immaterial and based on the financial position of the Party, the value of the options would be fully impaired.

#### 15 STAFF LOANS

	<u>The Co</u> <u>2009</u> \$'000	ouncil and the Group 2008 \$'000
Repayable after 12 months		7

Management estimates the fair value of the non-current staff loans to approximate their carrying amounts.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** March 31, 2009

#### **RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS** 16

	The Council		The Group	
	2009	<u>2008</u>	2009	2008
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Receivable from government#	99,133	111,376	99,133	111,376
Trade receivables	3,683	1,914	5,809	3,695
Prepayments	1,835	1,136	2,062	1,253
Other debtors	2,433	759	2,797	899
	107,084	115,185	109,801	117,223
Transferred to "Assets of disposal group classified as	·			
held for sale" (Note 18)	-	-	-	(2,038)
, ,	107,084	115,185	109,801	115,185
Less: Amount due after 12 months	•	•		
(shown under non-current assets)#	(92,324)	(11,960)	(92,324)	(11,960)
,	14,760	103,225	17,477	103,225

<sup>#</sup> Amount receivable from government mainly pertains to the amount entitled to be received by the Council from MCYS for repayment of the bank loan (Note 21) which was taken up by the Council to finance the purchase of land for the development of Sports Hub project.

The average credit period is 30 days (2008: 30 days) except for receivable from government. No interest is charged on the amounts over-due.

Movement in the allowance for doubtful receivables:

Wovement in the anowance for adaptial receivables.		
	The Council a	nd the Group
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at the beginning of year	-	65
Amount written off during the year	-	(45)
Amount reversed in income or expenditure	-	(20)
Increase in allowance recognised in income or expenditure	30	
Balance at end of year	30	

Trade receivables are provided for based on estimated irrecoverable amounts from the rendering of services, determined by reference to past default experience. In determining the recoverability of the receivables, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the receivables from the date of credit was initially granted up to the reporting date.

Aging of receivables that are past due but not impaired as follows:

	The C	The Council		The Group	
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	2008	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
30 to 90 days	699	225	1,102	495	
More than 90 days	78	<u>117</u>	80	117	
	<u> </u>	342	1,182	612	

The Council's and Group's receivables and prepayments that are not denominated in the functional currencies of the respective entities are as follows:

	T	The Council		The Group	
	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<b>2008</b> \$'000	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<b>2008</b> \$'000	
Australian dollar	-	-	78	131	
United States dollar			278	30	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

### 17 CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	The C	The	The Group		
	<u>2009</u>	2009 2008		2008	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Cash on hand and bank	51,882	14,994	57,137	15,323	
Fixed deposits	45,241	82,553	57,985	95,084	
	97,123	97,547	115,122	110,407	
Transferred to "Assets of disposal group classified as					
held for sale" (Note 18)				<u>(12,860</u> )	
	<u>97,123</u>	97,547	<u>115,122</u>	97,547	

The fixed deposits mature within 1 day to 3 months (2008: 7 days to 3 months) and bears interest at 0.055% to 0.388% (2008: 0.840% to 1.040%) per annum.

# 18 ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF DISPOSAL GROUP CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

As mentioned in Note 12, the Council announced in March 2008 its decision to divest all its interest in SISTIC.COM Pte Ltd by December 2008. However, in 2009, the Council deferred the divestment to a future date following a review of the decision to divest. Accordingly, the investment ceased to be classified as disposal group for the financial year ended March 31, 2009.

The assets and liabilities of SISTIC.COM Pte Ltd, which had been classified as a disposal group as at March 31, 2008, were as follows:

# (a) Assets of disposal group classified as held for sale:

	<u>Note</u>	<u>The Group</u> <u>2008</u> \$'000
Property, plant and equipment, net	10	2,063
Receivables and prepayments	16	2,038
Cash and bank balances	17	<u>12,860</u>
		<u>16,961</u>

# (b) Liabilities directly associated with the assets classified as held for sale:

	<u>Note</u>	The Group 2008 \$'000
Payables and accrued liabilities Refundable deposits Gate collections held in trust Provision for contribution to consolidated fund/tax Deferred tax liabilities	20 25 26 27 28	1,715 139 7,515 207 <u>361</u> 9,937
Net assets of disposal group classified as held for sale		<u>7,024</u>

Following the decision not to divest, the classification of disposal group ceased in accordance with SB-FRS105 - Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

### 19 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT

Interest rate swap

	The Council a	and the Group
	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<b>2008</b> \$'000
(current liability)	8,683	<u> </u>

The Group uses interest rate swap to manage its exposure to interest rate movements on its bank loan (Note 21) by swapping the loan from floating rates to fixed rates. The contract with nominal value of \$90 million has fixed interest payments at 3.63% per annum for a tenure of 25 years and has floating interest receipts based on six-month Singapore Swap Offer Rate plus a credit margin of 19 basis points, which approximates an average of 1.92% per annum.

The fair value of swap entered into on April 7, 2008 is estimated at \$8,683,000 as at March 31, 2009, measured at the present value of future cash flows estimated and discounted based on the applicable yield curves derived from quoted interest rates. The interest rate swap is designated and effective as cash flow hedge and the fair value thereof has been deferred in equity. An amount of \$1,708,000 has been offset against hedged interest payment made in the year.

The interest rate swap settles on a six-monthly basis. The Group settles the difference between the fixed and floating interest rates on a net basis.

### 20 PAYABLES AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	The Council		The Group	
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	2008
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Accounts payable	3,373	5,362	3,985	6,043
Amount due to minority shareholder	-	-	359	117
Accrued liabilities	28,077	26,474	29,226	27,391
	31,450	31,836	33,570	33,551
Transferred to "Liabilities directly associated with the assets classified				
as held for sale" (Note 18)	<del>31,450</del>	<del>-</del> 31,836	<del>33,570</del>	<u>(1,715</u> ) 31,836
	5.,150	3.,050	55,570	31,030

# 21 BANK LOAN

	The Council and the Grou		
	<u>2009</u>	2008	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Bridging loan	-	90,000	
Term loan - unsecured	88,200		
	88,200	90,000	
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months			
(shown under current liabilities)	(3,600)	(90,000)	
Amount due for settlement after 12 months	84,600		

The bridging loan was drawn down on February 5, 2008 and matured on April 7, 2008. It bore interest rate at 1.89% per annum.

The term loan with an initial amount of \$90 million was converted from the bridging loan on April 7, 2008 and maturing on April 7, 2033. It bears interest based on six-month Swap Offer Rate with a credit margin of 19 basis points which approximates an average interest rate of 1.92% per annum. The Council uses interest rate swap to hedge the fluctuation in interest rates (Note 19). The loan is repayable over 50 six-monthly installments. MCYS provides a back-to-back funding to the Council to service the loan principal and interest payments.

Management is of the opinion that the fair value of the Group's bank loan approximates its carrying value as the interest rate is at the current market level.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

# 22 FINANCE LEASE

	The Council and the Group				
	Minimum lease payments		Present v minimum lea	value of ease payments	
	2009	2008	2009	2008	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Amounts payable under finance leases:					
Within one year	2,990	2,990	2,569	2,444	
In the second to fifth years inclusive	<u> 7,724</u>	10,714	<u>7,262</u>	9,831	
	10,714	13,704	9,831	12,275	
Less: Future finance charges	_(883)	<u>(1,429</u> )			
Present value of lease obligations	9,831	12,275	9,831	12,275	
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (shows under current					
liabilities) Amount due for settlement after			( <u>2,569</u> )	<u>(2,444</u> )	
12 months			<u>7,262</u>	9,831	

During the year ended March 31, 2008, the Council leased its new temporary office from a third party, following the closure of the National Stadium. The lease term is expected for a period of 5 years. The average effective borrowing rate is 5% (2008 : 5%) per annum, which is used to derive the present value of the minimum lease payments.

The fair value of the Council's and the Group's lease obligations approximates its carrying amount.

# 23 DEFERRED REVENUE

	<u>The Council and the Gr</u>		
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Balance at the beginning of year	5,845	5,452	
Add:			
Amount reclassified from deferred capital			
grants – Non-Government (Note 30)	-	3,015	
Less: Transfer to income or expenditure	_(883)	(2,622)	
	4,962	5,845	
Less: Current portion	(458)	(883)	
Non-current portion	4,504	4,962	

# 24 GRANTS RECEIVED IN ADVANCE

	The Council and the Group					
	Operating	grants	Development grants		Total	
	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<b>2008</b> \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000 (Restated)	<b>2009</b> \$'000	2008 \$'000 (Restated)
Balance at the beginning Less: Prior year adjustment (Note 39) Add:	-	969 -	15,577 -	10,734 (174)	15,577 -	11,703 (174)
Government grants received Less:	-	-	12,585	133,038	12,585	133,038
Transfer to deferred capital grants	-	-	(10,974)	(128,021)	(10,974)	(128,021)
Transfer to the income and expenditure statement Balance at the end of year	<u> </u>	<u>(969</u> )	<u>-</u> <u>17,188</u>	15,577	<u>-</u> 17,188	(969) 15,577

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

# 25 REFUNDABLE DEPOSITS

	The Council		The Group	
	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<b>2008</b> \$'000	<b>2009</b> \$'000	2008 \$'000
Refundable deposits Transferred to "Liabilities directly associated with the assets classified	2,132	1,998	2,281	2,137
as held for sale" (Note 18)				(139)
	<u>2,132</u>	<u>1,998</u>	2,281	<u>1,998</u>

# 26 GATE COLLECTIONS HELD IN TRUST

	The Council		The Crown	
	ine Co	uncii	The Group	
	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<b>2008</b> \$'000	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<b>2008</b> \$'000
Gate collections held in trust Transferred to "Liabilities directly associated with the assets classified	46	37	10,759	7,552
as held for sale" (Note 18)	46	<u>-</u> 37	10,759	( <u>7,515</u> ) 37

The year end balance consists mainly of the balance of monies collected from the sale of tickets on behalf of the organisers for performances held and to be held. The monies would be paid to the various organisations after the completion of the events and after deducting the Group's share of commission and fees for services rendered on gate-takings.

# 27 PROVISION FOR CONTRIBUTION TO CONSOLIDATED FUND/TAX

	The Council		The Group	
	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<b>2008</b> \$'000	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<b>2008</b> \$'000
Provision for contribution to consolidated fund Transferred to "Liabilities directly associated with the assets classified	-	489	368	696
as held for sale" (Note 18)	<u></u>	489	368	(207) 489

# 28 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities recognised by the Group, and the movements thereon, during the current and prior reporting dates:

	The C	Group
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
<u>Deferred tax liability – Accelerated tax depreciation</u>		
Balance at the beginning of year	361	297
(Credited) Charged to income or expenditure (Note 36)	(16)	64
Effect of change in tax rate (Note 36)	(20)	
Balance at the end of year	325	361
Transferred to "Liabilities directly associated with		
the assets classified as held for sale" (Note 18)		(361)
	325	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

# 29 DEFERRED CAPITAL GRANTS – GOVERNMENT

	The Council and the Group						
	Capital	and General			•		
	F	unds	Restricted Funds		Total		
	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<b>2008</b> \$'000	2009 \$'000	<u>2008</u> \$'000	<u>2009</u> \$'000	<u>2008</u> \$'000	
		(Restated)				(Restated)	
Balance at the beginning of year	604,869	552,297	-	-	604,869	552,297	
Less: Prior year adjustments (Note 39) Transferred to deferred capital grants	-	(139,595)	-	-	-	(139,595)	
- Non-Government (Note 30)	-	(100)	-	-	-	(100)	
Grants drawn down during the year	<u>13,819</u> 618,688	232,793 645,395			<u>13,819</u> 618,688	232,793 645,395	
Less:							
Grant taken to the income and expenditure statement:							
(i) Prior year adjustment (Note 39)	-	2,384	-	-	-	2,384	
(ii) To match property, plant and equipment written off	(230)	(5,231)			(230)	(5,231)	
equipment written on	(230)	(3,231)			(230)	(3,231)	
(iii) To match depreciation	(38,052)	(37,416)	-	-	(38,052)	(37,416)	
(iv) To match interest expense on obligation	(5.46)	(2.52)			(5.45)	(2.62)	
under finance lease	(546) (38,828)	(263) (40,526)			(546) (38,828)	(263) (40,526)	
Balance at the end of year	579,860	604,869			579,860	604,869	

# 30 DEFERRED CAPITAL GRANTS – NON-GOVERNMENT

	The Council and the Group					
	Capital a	nd General			•	
	Ft	<u>ınds</u>	Restricte	<u>ed Funds</u>	Total	
	<u> 2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u> 2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at the beginning of year	49,553	55,106	13	25	49,566	55,131
Adjustments	-	87	-	-	-	87
Transferred from deferred capital grants						
- Government (Note 29)		100				100
	49,553	55,293	13	25	49,566	55,318
Less:						
Amount reclassified to deferred revenue (Note 23) Grants taken to the income and expenditure	-	(3,015)	-	-	-	(3,015)
statement to match depreciation	(2,699)	(2,725)	(12)	(12)	(2,711)	(2,737)
Balance at the end of year	46,854	49,553	1	13	46,855	49,566

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** March 31, 2009

#### 31 **OPERATING EXPENSES**

Operating expenses comprise mainly expenditure on sports facilities, grants disbursements, program and event expenditures. Included in operating expenses are mainly the following:

	The C	Council	The Group	
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	2008
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Grant disbursements*	32,978	35,294	32,978	35,294
Program / event expenses	15,046	11,474	15,046	11,474
Utilities	10,537	9,261	10,604	9,324
Rental of equipment	1,045	1,031	1,045	1,031
Loss on property, plant and equipment				
written off/disposal	276	5,323	324	5,284
Allowance for doubtful loan receivables	488	525	488	525
Net foreign exchange (gain) loss			(5)	95

<sup>\*</sup> Grant disbursements mainly pertain to the disbursements made to the various National Sports Associations.

#### **EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE** 32

Employee benefit expense comprises the following:

	The Council		The Group	
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	2008
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Salaries and bonuses	44,124	44,938	47,569	48,282
Cost of defined contribution plans	5,709	5,847	5,978	6,077
Staff training and welfare	1,386	1,261	1,464	1,327
Other employee benefits*	4,070	3,974	4,169	4,133
	55,289	56,020	<del>59,180</del>	59,819

<sup>\*</sup> The Group's expenses amount is after netting off of \$85,000 received by the subsidiary in relation to a cash grant under jobs credit scheme introduced in the Singapore Budget 2009 to help businesses preserve jobs in the economic downturn. The job credits will be paid to eligible employers in 2009 in four payments and the amount an employer can receive would depend on the fulfilment of the conditions as stated in the scheme.

#### 33 **OTHER EXPENSES**

Other expenses comprise the following:

	The C	Council	The	The Group		
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	2008		
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000		
Council members' allowances	156	133	156	133		
Transport and travelling	1,111	917	1,217	1,007		
Consultancy costs#	6,709	8,475	6,751	8,522		
Expenses related to small scale projects	3,166	1,709	3,166	1,709		
Interest expense on bank loan, net	3,421	261	3,421	261		
Miscellaneous expenses	3,387	3,475	3,951	4,206		
	17,950	14,970	18,662	15,838		

<sup>#</sup> Consultancy costs mainly pertain to professional advisory services sought for the Sports Hub project.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

# 34 INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS

Income from investments comprises the following:

	The Council								
	Genera	al Fund	Restrict	ed Fund	ed Fund Total			The Group	
	2009	<u>2008</u>	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Interest income Dividends from	347	951	48	200	395	1,151	554	1,494	
quoted equity shares	-	143	323	343	323	486	323	486	
Management fees Gain on disposal of	-	(104)	-	-	-	(104)	-	(104)	
investments (Note 13)		_385	<u>575</u>		<u> 575</u>	<u> 385</u>	<u>575</u>	_385	
	<u>347</u>	<u>1,375</u>	946	<u>543</u>	<u>1,293</u>	<u>1,918</u>	<u>1,452</u>	2,261	

# 35 OPERATING GRANTS FROM GOVERNMENT

	The Council and the Gr		
	<u>2009</u>	2008	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Accumulated operating grants received from the Government at the beginning of year	1,168,761	1,042,834	
Operating grants received during the financial year	130,892	125,927	
Accumulated Government operating grants received and utilised at the end of year	<u>1,299,653</u>	<u>1,168,761</u>	

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** March 31, 2009

#### **CONTRIBUTION TO CONSOLIDATED FUND / TAX** 36

			The C	ouncil					
	Genera	al Fund	Restrict	Restricted Fund		Total		The Group	
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	2009	2008	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	2009	2008	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Current tax									
- current year	-	400	-	89	-	489	324	658	
- in respect of prior year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1)	-	
Deferred tax (Note 28)									
- current year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(16)	64	
<ul> <li>in respect of change</li> </ul>									
in tax rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	(20)	-	
<ul> <li>in respect of prior year</li> </ul>		9				9		9	
		409		<u>89</u>		498	<u>287</u>	<u>731</u>	

The Council is required to make a contribution to the Consolidated Fund in accordance with section 3(a) of the Statutory Corporations (Contributions to Consolidated Fund) Act (Chapter 319A).

The contribution to the consolidated fund varied from the amount of contribution determined by applying the prevailing corporate tax rate of 17% for Year of Assessment 2010 (Year of Assessment 2009: 18%) to the surplus as a result of the following differences:

	The Council		The	Group
	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<u><b>2008</b></u> \$'000 (Restated)	<b>2009</b> \$'000	2008 \$'000 (Restated)
(Deficit) Surplus before contribution		(11001011011)		(,
to consolidated fund	( <u>1,711</u> )	<u>1,819</u>	233	<u>3,256</u>
Contribution in lieu of tax at 17%				
(2008 : 18%)	(291)	327	40	586
Expenses (Income) not subject to tax	-	128	(26)	99
Effect of deficit incurred by the Countil*	291	-	300	-
Effect of change of tax rate	-	-	(20)	-
Under provision in prior years	-	9	(1)	9
Others		34	<u>(6</u> )	37
Total contribution to consolidated				
fund/tax	<u> </u>	498	<u>287</u>	<u>731</u>

<sup>\*</sup> As the Council has a deficit for the financial year ended March 31, 2009, it is not required to make a contribution.

#### 37 **CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

	<u>The Council</u>	The Council and the Group		
	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<b>2008</b> \$'000		
Capital expenditures approved by the Council and the Group but not provided for in the financial statements are as follows:				
Amount approved and contracted for Amount approved but not contracted for	13,821 117,014 130,835	1,201 63,898 65,099		

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2009

## 38 OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

# The Council and the Group as lessee

	The Council		The Group	
	2009	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	2008
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Minimum lease payments under operating leases included in the				
income and expenditure statement	1,007	1,017	<u>1,152</u>	1,112

At the balance sheet date, outstanding commitments under non-cancellable operating leases, which falls due as follows:

	The Council		The Group	
	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<b>2008</b> \$'000	<b>2009</b> \$'000	<b>2008</b> \$'000
Within one year	1,006	1,006	1,446	1,178
In the second to fifth years inclusive	<u>251</u>	<u>1,259</u>	<u>251</u>	<u>1,268</u>
	1,257	2,265	1,697	2,446

Operating lease represents minimum lease payments for rental of office equipment, and office and data storage space. The leases are negotiated for terms of 2 to 4 years and are fixed for an average of 3 years.

# The Council and the Group as lessor

The Council and the Group rents out its office space, food and beverage outlets, carparks and golf courses, located at various sports and swimming complexes, sports halls and centres, stadiums and golf courses to third parties under operating leases.

All of the properties leased have committed tenants for the next 1 to 20 years.

At the balance sheet date, the Council and the Group have contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments:

	<u>The Council a</u>	The Council and the Group	
	<u>2009</u>	2008	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Within one year	7,345	5,172	
In the second to fifth years inclusive	6,371	4,552	
After 5 years	_1,277	1,420	
	14,993	11,144	

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** March 31, 2009

#### **PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS** 39

In November 2008, MOF issued FCM M26/2008 on the capital management framework for Statutory Boards ("SB"). Under the capital management framework, SB will no longer receive "free" capital grants but would instead draw on accumulated surpluses and existing equity, debt or additional equity injection from the government.

The SB, in return, is to issue share certificates at the end of each financial year to MOF for all equity received during the year. The shares carry neither voting rights nor par value.

In prior years, government grants for the purchase of property, plant and equipments were taken to the deferred capital grant (the "DCG"). DCG is recognised in the income and expenditure statement over the periods necessary to match the depreciation of the property, plant and equipments with the related grants. Under the new capital management framework, capital grants are treated as equity injection from government and the SB are required to record the equity injection as share capital.

The new capital management framework builds on the debt-equity framework for Statutory Board (FCM M8/2007). The debt-equity framework, among others, states the following requirements:

- For new projects, i.e. those given in-principal approval on or after September 1, 2004, all the projects are to be funded via debt-equity framework regardless of the project value; and
- For ongoing projects, i.e. those given in-principal approval before and those ongoing September 1, 2004, if project value equals or more than \$50 million, it needs to be converted to debt-equity financing; if project value is below \$50 million, it will continue to be funded via capital grants.

Management has determined that the retrospective application to be appropriate under SB-FRS 8 - Accounting Policies, Change in Accounting Estimates and *Errors* as the change is the result of change in accounting policy.

Accordingly, as required under SB-FRS 8 paragraph 22, management adjusted the opening balance of each affected component of equity for the earliest prior period presented and the other comparative amounts disclosed for each period presented as if the new accounting policy had always been applied.

The items were adjusted as follows:

Balance Sheets:	Previously reported 2008 \$'000	After <u>adjustments</u> <u>2008</u> \$'000
<u>bulance sheets.</u>		
Share Capital	-	142,300
Accumulated Surplus – General Funds	54,642	<u>52,111</u>
Current Liability Grants received in advance	15,751_	<u> 15,577</u>
drains received in advance		<u> </u>
Non-Current Liability Deferred capital grant – Government	<u>744,464</u>	<u>604,869</u>
Income and Expenditure Statements:		
<b>Grants:</b> Deferred capital grant amortised – Government	42,910	40,526

